THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1872. | VOLUME V---NUMBER 37

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 27.

☞ See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.

Georgia Crops.

Robberies are still carried on in Macon.

A grand fancy dress ball will come off at Catoosa Springs on the 14th August.—*Catoosa Courier.*

The wolves in the edge of Polk and Paulding counties are playing havoc with pigs, lambs and young calves.—*Rockmart Reporter.*

Mr. Homer Wright has been elected Professor of ancient languages and natural science in Le Vert Female College, Talbotton.—*Columbus Sun.*

Col. S. T. Doyal brought to our office a tomato which weighed one pound five and a half ounces, and measures fourteen inches in circumference.—*Griffin Star.*

John Templeton has perfected engagements with the Savannah, Augusta, Charleston theaters and DeGive's Opera House, Atlanta, for the coming season.

The best corn crops we have known in this section for years. The Masonic Fraternity of Rutledge, have nearly completed a new building, two stories high.—*Appeal and Advertiser.*

In speaking of the Hon. Dunlap Scott, as a candidate for Congress, the Chattanooga Advertiser says the interest of the people of Cherokee Georgia will be in good hands if he is nominated and elected to Congress.

So far the cotton crop of Warren is uninjured. An interesting meeting has been in progress at Prospect Methodist Church for several days. The Good Templars are doing good work throughout Warren.—*Warrenton Clipper.*

Washington wants a bank. Washington needs a cow law. Mr. Edward Beard, of Danbury, in Wilkes county, arrested, near that place, a few days since, Jeptha Harrison, who escaped from Grant & Alexander before Christmas.—*Washington Gazette.*

A mad dog was killed in Savannah on the 25th instant. Col. James R. Sneed has retired from the editorial management of the Savannah Republican, and his position will be filled by Mr. Erwin DeLeon. A horse in Savannah was sunstruck on the 25th inst.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

James H. George, Jr., formerly of La-Grange, graduated at Trinity College, Hartford, with honors, reading the salutatory on commencement day in Latin, and had the degree of A. B. conferred on him. The impression is that Troupe county will make corn enough to supply the demand.—*La-Grange Reporter.*

Mrs. Captain Powell sends us a beet weighing ten pounds. A report is gaining some circulation that the Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad and the Georgia Western will unite twelve or fifteen miles north of Carrollton, and from thence constitute one road to the western terminus. Newnan wants a town clock.—*Newnan Herald.*

Cuthbert had a three hundred dollar fire last Monday night. On Tuesday night the store of Fort & Quarterman, in Cuthbert, was forcibly entered, an iron safe was carried off in a cart about 300 yards and opened with a sledge hammer. About $75 in money was stolen. The loss of Fort & Quarterman, including damage to safe, is estimated at $150. Mr. Willie King, aged 22 years, committed suicide last Saturday night about four miles from Cuthbert. Randolph county has a medical society.—*Cuthbert Appeal.*

Long Branch—The Summer Capital—The Belles of the Surf—New York and the Chappaqua Sage—Pleasant Friends, etc.

NEW YORK, July 22, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Your correspondent passed a day last week at Long Branch. Since his return, it has occurred to him that some of your readers might be interested in some account of this famous summer resort. It is situated on the New Jersey coast about thirty miles southwest from here, on a long, narrow strip of land, the western shore of which is washed by the Shrewsbury river and the eastern by the Atlantic. There are excursion boats plying daily between the city and Sandy Hook, at which a railway connection is formed completing the route to the Branch. The trip occupies two hours, and costs just two cents. The writer went down on the Plymouth Rock, a most luxurious steamer, fitted up under the personal supervision of the late James Fisk, Jr., Admiral & Co. Except the hotels, which are large, wooden buildings, painted white and devoid of special architectural merit, there is nothing to engage the traveler's attention. The site is a perfect plain and has neither shrub nor tree. There is some relief, however from the otherwise universal barrenness in an occasional grass plat. The hotels are arrange in a line upon the bluff ptralliel with the beach; the "Ocean," which is by far the most extensive, occupying a central position. Between the buildings and the beach runs Ocean avenue—a magnificent boulevard making part of the grand drive. Just upon the edge of the bluff, at agreeable intervals, are little summer houses. These, of evenings, are favorite resorts of promenaders and furnish a pleasant lookout towards the sea. They are usually occupied during the day with loungers reading or idly gazing at some passing sail. In a south westerly direction from the hotel quarter and surrounded by like aristocratic abodes stands the royal cottage where the "crafty Uysses" —"crafty," not in the Homeric but New England sense—recreates his mind and body wearied with the cares of maladministration. Without having seen this chateau, one may venture to suppose that the private contributions now incident to the Presidential exchequer have invested with becoming imbellishments.

The bathing houses, which are very small, rude wood buildings, capable of being taken to pieces and removed in case of storm, are placed in a line up and down on the beach about seventy-five yards from the highest water mark in usual weather. Here the bathers dress themselves before essaying the surf. Here too are numberless bathing suits "to let" at prices from thirty to fifty cents. A suit consists of a pair of loose trowsers and a kind of sack coat, which is fastened around the waist with a band. A great, coarse straw hat to be worn, tied under the chin, with a ribbon passing over the top, is added if desired. The same kind of outfit answers for both sexes, except that the coat for the lady is usually longer than that of the gentleman. While the writer was getting his suit, he heard a youth complaining that a miss of fourteen had taken his clothes and, clad in them, was disporting herself in the waves. The costumes, at least to the untaught eye of the bachelor, involves the wearer in the greatest mystery.

The rotund maiden of "sweet sixteen" may well be mistaken for a plump boy, unless you are near enough to discover the little white hands and feet as she splashes into the sea. To one accustomed to judge of female stature from the toilets of the parlor and the pavement, there is troublesome doubt, too, as to how large one of these naiads may be. Of course, one may infer that the stout German woman, with much significant local obesity, must have decided proportions in any dress; but outside of such extreme cases, he is left in the most puzzling and stupid wonder. The absurd attire is likewise a disguise fatal to beauty. The most enamored beau, were he to see his sweetheart gotten up for a plunge, if he knew her at all, would be forced to own the disenchanting power over woman's loveliness, of a pair of loose trowsers and a coarse straw hat tied over the ears. Should he observe her as she comes dripping from the water's edge, and looking, as has been suggested, not unlike an immense rat on his hind legs, his constancy would surely be hazarded.

Of course the nomination of Greeley and Brown constitutes a leading topic of Metropolitan conversation. From what a casual stranger can see and hear, it would seem that New York intended to redeem Governor Hoffman's pledge at Baltimore of a most splendid majority for these leaders of the reform movement. Everywhere you go you find beaming from the shop windows, as well as pictured upon banners hanging midway across the streets, the benign face of the Chappaqua sage. Suspended over several of the chief thoroughfares, too, are flags upon which Grant and Wilson are represented. The former is usually exhibted in military dress. This can but be somewhat ominously suggestive to the friend of constitutional government. It has been the boast of the American system that in the stormiest epochs of our history the civil authority is supreme. Surely, then, in a time of profound national quiet arms should yeild to the toga.

While in New York, your correspondent had the pleasure of meting, at the Grand Central, Mr. William A. Rawson and wife and their lovely daughter, Miss Susie, all of Atlanta. He also had the good fortune to become acquainted with the accomplised Mrs. C., of Kentucky and her beautiful daughter, Miss Mary Hart C. They have passed the last seven years in European capitals and render themselves irresistibly charming in conversing of continental life and manners. ATLANTA.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE

HOUSE.

SATURDAY, July 27, 1872.

House met, Speaker Cumming in the Chair. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Strickland.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr. Bacon—To amend an act incorporating the city of Macon, etc.

Mr. Wofford—To incorporate the North Georgia and Duck Town Railroad Company.

Mr. Pierce asked leave of absence for the committee appointed to investigate the official conduct of Judge Noel B. Knight. Granted.

Mr. Hoge—To incorporate the Georgia Metropolitan Banking Company. Corporators, James F. Bozemen, John T. Grant, David Mayer, W. A. Rawson, P. W. Alexander, James M. Turner, E. A. Flewellyn, Samuel D. McConnells. Capital stock $100,000.

Also, to amend the several acts in force organizing a new municipal government of Atlanta.

Also, to compensate Rev. H. C. Hornaday for services in collecting supplies.

Also, to repeal 4922 section of Code.

Mr. Durham—To incorporate the Athens and Eatonton Railroad Company.

STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.

On motion of Mr. McMillan, the report of the Judiciary Committee, who reported yesterday that they knew no authority by which the Assembly could elect State House officers, confirm Judges, etc., was taken up and adopted.

The resolution of Mr. Glenn, providing for the settlement of a balance of $1,974 74, between the Western and Atlantic railroad and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, in favor of the latter, was amended as follows; "Provided, it shall not be considered a final settlement between the two roads. Passed as amended.

Mr. Wood was granted leave of absence.

The following bills were read the third time and acted upon.

To change section 1466 of Irwin's Code. Lost.

To establish a new county from Thomas and Decatur counties. Lost.

To change the line between Floyd and Gordon counties. Lost.

To create stock laws in the State. Lost.

To prohibit and make penal the sale and purchase of agricultural products in this State after night, etc. Lost.

To change the line between Decatur and Mitchell counties. Lost.

To change the line of Quitman and —— counties. The committee reported adverse.

Mr. Guerry of Quitman, hoped the House would vote down the report of the committee and spoke in support of the bill.

Lewis, colored, of Stewart, opposed the bill and battled for Stewart in a speech of some length.

Mr. Mansfield, of Stewart, opposed the bill and read the presentments of the grand jury of that county, protesting against such change. The report of the committee was agreed to by a vote of 56 yeas to 42 nays.

Mr. Guerry gave notice that he would move to reconsider the bill on Monday morning.

To prohibit the felling of trees or timber and obstructions in the Consasuga and Coahatchia rivers. Lost.

To change the line between Whitfield and Catoosa counties. Lost.

To change the line between Wilcox and Pulaski counties. Lost.

To incorporate the Atlanta and Tennessee Railroad Company. Passed.

To give to Moses M. Bellsario, Henry Ambros, and John Smith, of Chatham county, the right to plant and grow oysters in Warsar river. Passed.

To protect the farmers of this State. Lost.

To change the line between Lowndes and Berrien counties. Re-committed.

To exempt from peddling laws machines for agricultural and domestic use. Laid on the table.

To amend an act incorporating the Chattahoochee Manufacturing Company, changing the name to the Atlanta Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To change the line between Coweta and Campbell counties. Lost.

To repeal section 11 of an act to change the name of the Southern Central Agricultural Society, and to appropriate money for the benefit of the same.

The act which the bill sought to repeal, provided for the appropriation of $2,500 to the State Agricultural Society. The Committee on Agriculture, in reporting the bill, recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Hudson, of Schley, hoped the report of the committee would be disagreed to, and spoke in support of the bill. He maintained that the Agricultural Society should be self-sustaining; that it benefited directly only those who were able to attend and exhibit some new-spangled machine of no matter of utility to the farmers of Georgia. He was a friend of the Society, so long as it was self-sustaining; but he condemned the practice of taxing the people of the State to allow a few idle and curious spectators to see a live gorilla, a pedestrian feat, a wonderfully educated pig, a giantess, a flying-jenny, etc. True, an appropriation of $2,500 was insignificant, but that was no reason why the people should be asked to contribute to exhibitions, and frivolous and vicious entertainments, which could never benefit them.

Mr. McMillan said he was behind no one in protecting the laboring classes from encroachments, but he considered it all-important for the agricultural resources of the State. He regretted that the gentleman from Schley had lost sight of the more commendable and substantial features of the fair to witness the trivial and useless side shows always tobe found on such occasions. The argument that it should be self-sustaining he considered inadequate when the enterprise had no income. The Society having no capital were put to the necessity of accepting grounds from the citizens of Atlanta and Macon, and of hiring portions of these grounds to migratory exhibitions to obtain an income to sustain the Society. The Society had done much and contributed greatly to the prosperity of agriculture in the State; auxiliary societies had been established in about 90 counties of the State; they held meetings for the purpose of interchanging views on agricultural theories and topics, and in this way had contributed much to the promulgation of useful knowledge on scietific agriculture.

Mr. Dell called the previous question, which call was not sustained.

Mr. Wofford indorsed the opinion of the gentleman from Habersham, contending that the donation was wise and judicious; he only regretted that the appropriation was not more liberal, an I that counties which had given their attention to the subject of scientific farming induced by the society were twenty-five years in advance of those counties that had neglected it.

Mr. Bacon stated that the State Fair last year was conceded to be the best ever held in the State, and the promotion of agricultural interests thereby was incalculable.

Mr. Anderson wanted to know how the society fostered the agricultural interests of farmers generally.

Mr. Bacon referred him to the necessity of skilled labor and scientific agriculture under the present system of labor, and the diffusion of agricultural knowledge of all kinds, which he contended was effected by the society.

Mr. Griffin, of Houston, contended that Georgia was poverty stricken, and however wise such appropriations, the State could not afford, at the this time, such outlays.

Mr. Allred called the previous question, and Mr. Glover called the yeas and nays, which calls were sustained. The question was upon agreeing to the report of the committee, which was adverse to the bill offered by the gentleman from Schley.

Yeas 57; nays 54, and the bill was lost.

On motion of Mr. Scott the following bill was read the first time:

Mr. Scott—To provide for the payment of the debt due teachers and school officers who did service under the public school law in 1871.

The bills submitted by the Bond Investigating Committee were read a second time with a view to acting upon them on Monday, when the report of the Bond Committee will be made special order of the day.

At his request Mr. Bacon was excused from duty on the Committee on Education, and Mr. Clark, of Richmond, added. Mr. Terrell was also added at there quest of the committee.

The Speaker announced that Messrs. Matlox, Bush and Richards had been appointed the Committee on Wild Lands.

To organize a new county from Coweta, Meriwether and Fayette. Withdrawn.

To provide for the protection of the traveling public, and to require railroad companies to employ experienced engineers. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

To amend an act incorporating the town of Hephzibah. Passed by substitute.

A bill regulating the manner, mode and price of publishing the legal advertisements in the several counties of the State.

Mr. Pou moved to re-commit.

Mr. Johnson, of Spalding, moved to postpone indefinitely.

Mr. McMillan thought the bill was calculated to remedy a great evil, and was in favor of re-committing the bill. He said there was, he believed, a practice with some minor newspapers who had a bogus circulation, which, by the laws of the State, were entitled to the county advertising.

Mr. Dell said, though there were some features which he opposed as a whole, he deemed the bill meritorious and calculated to remedy a growing evil. He was in favor of recommitting the bill.

Mr. Rawles hoped the motion to indefinitely postpone, if carried, would place the bill beyond the reach of the House, and suggested that the bill be committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

The motion to indefinitely postpone was lost by yeas 44, nays 56.

Mr. Bacon moved to lay the bill on the table. The motion prevailed by yeas 51 and nays 46.

The resolution of Mr. Bacon, providing for the printing of 3,000 copies of the report of the Bond Committee for the use of the General Assembly, was taken up on motion of Mr. Hunter.

Mr. Bacon thought it due to the State, and the parties concerned, to circulate the report far and wide.

Mr. Heidt thought the publication would involve an unnecessary expense, as the bonds had been advertised in newspapers.

Mr. Bryan of Henry, called the previous question, which call was sustained. The question was then on the original resolution, which was agreed to by yeas 69, nays 40.

Adjourned to 10 o'clock Monday morning.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

The Government Quits the Archive Business.

Pleasanton Questions Grant's Memory.

A Short Letter from Horace Greeley.

Interesting Miscellaneous News.

The Last Revolution in Mexico Virtually Ended.

Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Since Pickets successful speculation the government has many offers of archives. Having burnt its fingers the government has stopped archiving.

Schurz departed last night for North Carolina.

A letter from Pleasanton fully sustains Schurz in his statement that patronage was the wages of loyalty in the San Domigo matter. Pleasanton's letter concludes thus: I may console myself with the reflection that this is the first time that any statement of mine has been questioned while the President has had occasion before this to distrust the accuracy of his recollection.

Boutwell is off, and Creswell is going to stump Michigan.

Administration circles are boastful regarding North Carolina. They say that only a full Conservative and Democratic vote can beat them, which they do not apprehend.

NEW YORK, July 27.—A Washington dispatch says that the consular agen', Storring's, report in the case of Consul General Butler sustains most of the charges against that official. Butler's whereabouts is not yet known at the State Department.

Among the callers on Greeley yesterday, were John Harris of Texas, a colored man. Harris said he called in behalf of his people, and desired some expression of sentiment from Greeley as to the negro question.

Whereupon the following letter was written:

To John Harris, of Texas—SIR: Believing that equal rights for all men, no matter of what color, is the true interest of every class and section, and the only true basis of true national and lasting peace,

I am yours, truly,

HORACE GREELEY.

The Tribune publishes a letter addressed by C. S. Carpenter to P. B. Rogers, in which Carpenter retracts the statements made in his affidavits that Greeley had written in favor of paying pensions to rebel soldiers.

Members of the Nicaragua Exploring Expedition, who have arrived in this city, report that the construction of a canal through Nicaragua, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, is found to be very impracticable.

MATAMORAS, MEXICO, July 27.—The banished Revolutionists are returning to Mexico. Telegraph communications will be opened to the City of Mexico in a few days.

Rocha and the Revolutionists Chief are to hold a conference on the 28th at Monterey. The revolution is virtually at an end.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 22; Orleans 22½; sales 154 bales.

Flour steady. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn steady. Pork dull; mess $13 75a18 90. Lard heavy; new steam 8@8½; old 9¼a9½. Turpentine firm at 38a39½. Rosin quiet and steady at $3 37½a3 40 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull but strong. Gold firm at 14½. Money easy at 3. Exchange—long 9½; short 10a10½. Governments firm but steady. State bonds dull and steady.

LONDON, July 27.—Noon.—Consols 92½. Bonds 91½. Bullion the Bank of England has decreased nearly one-half million pounds sterling.

FRANKFORT, July 27.—Bonds 98.

LIVERPOOL, July 27, noon.—Cotton opened firm.

Lard 37s 6d. Manchester advices quiet but firm.

LATER—Cotton closed firmer, uplands 9⅝; Orleans 10¼a10⅝; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000.

Corn 27s 3d.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, July 27, 1 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—This morning very warm and close. Rain needed in the city. Business quiet in all departments of trade.

COTTON.—We quote nominal at 20½.

FINANCIAL.—We quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 113; selling at 115. Silver buying at 107; selling at 110.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ½ premium.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 12; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 4-4, 13½; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 10, Augusta, 3-4, 10; Osnaburgs 12½a18c; Yarns $1 70.

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 50; extra family $9 50 a9 75; family $8 50a8 75; superfine $5 75a7 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 95; yellow and mixed 85a88. Wheat best quality $1 50a1 45; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 90a$1 00.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14¼a14¾. Coffee A 13½; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 13; Brown 11½a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $1 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box. Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 15. Pepper 23. Corn meal $1 00. Starch 6a10. Rice 9¼a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 33a35. Rio 23a26. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 29; bbls 32. Cheese, factory, 19a20.

BULK MEATS—We quote shoulders rasp 8½ sides 9½; clear rib sides 9.

BACON—We quote shoulders 7½; clear sides 10; clear rib sides 9½; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 16a16½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 12½; cans, 11¼a 12; tierces, 10¼.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 12½; chickens 20a30; country butter 23a25; spring chickens 15a18.

VEGETABLES.—Selling prices: Beans 15c per peck; beets 10c per bunch; onions $1 50 per bushel; Irish potatoes 35c per peck; cabbage 15 to 20 cents; roasting ears 20 to 25 cents per dozen; squashes 10 per dozen; cucumbers 15a25 per dozen; tomatoes 15a20 cents per quart. Okra 10 cents per quart. Melons 20a30c, car load lots. Grapes 15a20c per pound retail.

UNIVERSALLY PRAISED

BY those who have seen them, are the following Large collection of three Books, already popular, although the first has just issued from the press.

The Standard!!

By L. O. Emerson & H. R. Palmer.

400 pages. Fine Singing School Course. Large collection of Sacred Anthems and Tunes. 90,000 copies already ordered! The Banner Church Music Book of the season! Price $1 50, $13 50 per dozen. Specimens sent, post-free, for the present, for $1 25.

Sparkling Rubies!!

By A. Hull & H. Sanders.

Beautiful Sabbath School Singing Book! No sleepy tunes or words! Wide-awake songs by wide-awake authors. Price 35 cents.

The Pilgrim's Harp!!

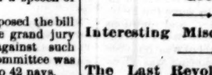
By Asa Hull.

216 pages. Remarkably good for Vestries, and for use in Prayer Meetings. Small, very clear print. Large number of the most popular tunes. Price 60 cents.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
apr13—[Wed&Satd&wly

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!! But the DIAMOND SPECTACLES will Preserve it.



If you value your Eyesight use the Perfect Lenses Ground from Minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their Hardness and Brilliancy. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others in use. Manufactured by J. E. Spencer & Co., Opticians, New York. Caution—None genuine unless stamped with our trade mark. For sale by Responsible Agents throughout the Union. Sharp & Floyd, Jewelers and Opticians, are Sole Agents for Atlanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be obtained. No Peddlers employed. nov25-dced&wly

Postponed

United States Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs Thos. N. Wendell, executor of Gilbert A. Longstreet, in the following case, to-wit:

Thomas N. Wendell, Administrator of Gilbert A. Longstreet, vs. R. M. Young.

I have levied upon, as the property of R. M. Young, an undivided one-half interest in the following lots number 274, 276, 287, all that part of lot number 286, lying east of the Consasauga River, except 50 acres, allowed as a homestead, all in the 13th District, 3d section of now Gordon county. Also, upon lots number 295, 345, 393, 292, 261, 45 acres of 242, 15 acres of 297, east half of 260, all in the 14th district, 3d section of now Gordon county. Also, lots number 5 and 6, in the first section of the town of Calhoun, in Gordon county, containing 160 feet front on Court House street, and running back 160 feet, being the lots on which said Young's store house is located in said town, and in which he is now doing business. Also, lots number 13 and 14, in Forsyth's survey of said town being on land lot number 192, in the 14th district, 3d section of said Gordon county. Also, lot 192 in said 14th district and 3d section of said county on which said defendant now lives.

And will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in August next,

between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Ga., June 1st, 1872.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, United States Marshal.

june30—d1awtiw

MADAME ADELE ROCH,

At Mrs. Barnard's, on Mitchell Street,

(Graduate in Letters and Sciences.)

IS ready to receive ladies and gentlemen as pupils in the higher branches of education, Modern Languages and Literature, History, Drawing, Music, etc., taught after the latest approved Parisian systems.

Lessons in classes $5 monthly. Private lessons on moderate terms.

References—Prof. Jno. Isham, Dr. Boseman.

July18—dim—thur-sun-tues

ETOWAH RIVER FARMS.

THREE farms of about one hundred and fifty (150) acres each, fronting on Rome Railroad and Etowah River, with a good proportion of cleared land, under high state of cultivation, much of which is

Etowah River Bottom Land,

And all of it very productive in Clover, Cotton, Corn and small grain, with Unsurpassed Beautiful houses, will be sold or exchanged for Atlanta city or suburban property. Apply on the premises, for further particulars apply to Wallace & Fowler, or Bell & Goldsmith, Real Estate Agents, or through Post Office Box 466. J. A. ANSLEY.

June26—d1f Atlanta, Ga.

READ HOUSE,

Fronting Passenger Depot,

CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE,

JNO. T. READ, Proprietor.

apr6—d1f

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

American Side,

J. T. FULTON, Proprietor,

NIAGARA FALLS.

THE Largest and most pleasantly situated Hotel at Niagara, and nearer to the Falls than any other House.

ROOMS LARGE AND WELL VENTILATED.

Spacious Piazzas and Magnificent Lawn and Croquet Ground attached.

Accommodations for 600 Guests.

Parties can be furnished at all times with Rooms low down, single or in suite, as may be desired.

All Modern Improvements in the Building.

Everything strictly first-class and terms reasonable.

Every attention guaranteed.

OMNIBUSES AND PORTERS AT ALL TRAINS.

Railroad, Steamboat and Telegraph Officers in the Hotel. jan28—d1f

ATLANTA DEPARTMENT

Southern Life Insurance COMPANY,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

—OF—

AT AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders and Directors of this Department, held in this city on the 21st instant, the following Directors, Officers and Committees were unanimously elected for ensuing year.

DIRECTORS:

J. B. Gordon,	A. H. Colquitt,
A. Austell,	H. V. M. Miller,
R. W. Holland,	R. B. Walker,
Ben May,	J. S. Hamilton,
D. E. Butler,	Wm. Johnston,
W. A. Caldwell,	S. T. Tupper,
Jno. B. Moore,	Jos. A. Lawton,
D. R. Murchison,	J. G. Ballie,
Wade Hampton.	

OFFICERS:

J. B. GORDON.....President
A. H. COLQUITT.....Vice-President
W. C. MORRIS.....Secretary
J. A. MORRIS.....Assistant Secretary
H. V. M. MILLER.....Medical Director

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

A. Austell, D. E. Butler,
A. H. Colquitt, H. V. M. Miller,
J. B. Gordon.

FINANCE COMMITTEE:

A. AUSTELL, R. W. HOLLAND.

MEDICAL BOARD:

Dr. J. M. JOHNSON, Dr. H. V. M. MILLER

—OF—

INSURE IN THE

Southern Life Insurance COMPANY,

Memphis, Tenn., and Atlanta, Ga.

Assets, (nearly) $1,500,000 00.

Has the largest business of any Company operating in the same territory.

Gross Insurance (about) $16,000,000

"The most flourishing Life institution in the South."

July13-dsun-wed-frim&wlm

SEASON, 1872.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,

Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT

For the invalid and pleasure-seeker,

Will be Opened for the Reception of Visitors

May 15th, 1872.

THE most beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, and SKIN, and the care of CHRONIC DISEASES, attest the

MEDICAL PROPERTIES

Of the Waters.

SITUATED AT THE BASE OF THE

CHILHOWEE MOUNTAINS,

It presents the strongest attractions both to the

INVALID AND THE PLEASURE-SEEKER.

No less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the

RESTORATIVE POWERS OF ITS WATERS.

Such provision has been made for the

Comfort of Visitors,

That the Proprietor confidently promises

Satisfaction to his Guests.

DAILY STAGES,

WITH MAIL AND PASSENGERS,

Run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs; distance nine miles over good roads.

Tickets to the Springs and return, can be obtained at all prominent points. Board per month for May and June, $45 00; for July, August and September, $60 00; for three months $150 00.

Address for descriptive Pamphlets, etc.,

JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
Montvale Springs.

Refers to Dr. J. P. Logan, Rev. J. S. Wilson, D. D., Hon. John H. Jones, Mayor, H. J. Lowry, Esq., Cox & Hill, Maj. Jas. Williams, Colonel L. P. Grisham. june11—d1f

MANSFIELD & BAIRD,

WEST END JEWELERS,

1416 Chestnut Street,

Philadelphia.

WOULD call the attention of parties visiting Philadelphia to their large assortment of

Diamonds and fine Gold Jewelry

OF RICH DESIGNS.

Bridal Outfits in SOLID SILVER WARE, Etc.

which we are offering at prices to suit the times. Also,

Fine Watches

of every make for promptitude, etc.

N.B.—Particular attention paid to orders received by mail. July2—3m—wednesdaw

Boarding House,

By MRS. D. WEISMAN,

OF WHITEHALL STREET, near Cain Street, formerly occupied by Mrs. Hunnicutt. Terms for board, $20 per month. Day board, $25 per month. July2—d1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOK AGENTS

Now at work, or looking for some new book, will miss it if they do not at once write for circulars of the best selling books published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Profits more than double money. Outfit free. Address, P. M. Reed, 139 Eighth st., New York.

Also for Campaign Goods. Address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE, New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

AGENTS WANTED—for the lives of

Grant! Greeley!

WILSON! BROWN!

And the leading men of all parties. OVER 40 STEEL PORTRAITS. Just the book wanted by the masses everywhere. Agents meet with wonderful success. Send for circular and secure territory at once. Address, ZEIGLER & McCURDY, 723 North Sixth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

HAS CURED 1000S CURE WILL CURE

INZA

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

For Cure $1, (or Test Sample 25 cents,) by mail, Dr. R. F. HYATT, 246 Grand Street, New York.

DO NO FAIL while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the

CELEBRATED IMPROVED Stewart Cook Stoves!

With its special attachments, Roaster, Baker and Broiler. Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.

FULLER, WARREN & CO., 236 Water Street, New York.

BURNHAM'S

WATER

New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, in use by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.

N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.

OPEN JUNE 15th, 1872.

The proprietor offers additional attractions this season. New, elegant and spacious Drawing and Ball Rooms, beautiful lawns, quietude air and scenery, while the waters of these special springs invariably relieve Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, and Diarrhœa, and are for sale by leading Druggists every where. Readily accessible via Chesapeake & Ohio R. R. Stop at Goshen Depot, where coaches will be in waiting. Pamphlets on application. JAMES A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

Is a powerful Tonic, especially adapted for use in the Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, possesses the most powerful tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curative qualities and has recently been used as a specific for all the IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER AND SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY OF THE BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS OF THE INTESTINES, UTERINE OR URINARY ORGANS.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutritious food, taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful Tonic and restoring effects, produces healthy and vigorous action to the whole system.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

OPEN JUNE 1st, 1872.

This favorite and celebrated Watering Place will offer additional attractions this season. Among other improvements there has been added an elegant and spacious Ball Room adjoining the parlor; the Parlor has been enlarged and much improved, and the proximity of the two renders each easily accessible. It will be kept in a style not surpassed anywhere in Virginia.

The waters of these special Springs either cure or greatly relieve most cases of Scrofula, Incipient Consumption, Chronic Bronchitis, Chronic Laryngitis, Chronic Pneumonia, Chronic Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery. They are also a great tonic in those debilitations peculiar to the female constitution, and as an aperitizer, a tonic and a general restorative, they are, perhaps, unrivalled among mineral waters. The proprietor will have provided for the lawns and ball room

A First-Class Band of Music!

and in general all the sources of amusement and recreation usually found at our best summer resorts will be at the command of the guests at Rockbridge Alum. The place is within eleven to thirteen hours of Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, etc., by rail, all in daylight. Passengers leave the cars of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad at Goshen Depot, and new and elegant stage coaches, passing rapidly over a smooth and level road of only eight miles, set down the visitors at the Springs.

JAMES A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

Persons making use of the grounds, etc. of the Springs, and not stopping at my hotel, will be charged half my regular rates.

The water for sale by REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta. Descriptive Pamphlets sent free on application.

July16— 1m16-d&wtf

BOWDON COLLEGE.

THE Exercises of the next Term will open August 15th. Tuition, per month, $5 40. Board $ 30 to $15 00 per month, including lights, washing, fuel, etc.

For Catalogue giving full particulars, address

REV. F. H. M. HENDERSON, President.

July23—d2w&wtw

Wesleyan Female Institute,

STAUNTON, VA.

WILL begin its 32d Annual Session September 19th, 1872. Rev. WM. A. HARRIS, President, with an able corps of Twenty Teachers and Officers. Than this no College for young ladies stands higher. Science and Literature are taught by Graduates of our first Universities and Colleges. French by a Native Master. Music by Six Professors and Teachers, among whom are two of the most distinguished and cultivated Singers and Teachers of Vocal Music in the South. This is one of the healthiest climates in the world. Pupils who come here with feeble constitutions, chills and climatial diseases, are entirely restored.

Buildings and Grounds are elegant. Scenery surpassingly grand and beautiful, making it one of the loveliest College homes in the Union.

Over one hundred young ladies, as Boarding Pupils, attend this school from fifteen Southern States.

[From Judge John N. Hendren, M. A., University of Virginia.]

I regard the Wesleyan Female Institute, as one of very best and most attractive Schools in the State.

[From Prof. Wm. H. Peters, LL. D., of University of Virginia.]

* * * * * * * * *

Young ladies committed to the care of Prof. Harris, will enjoy advantages of moral and intellectual training rarely found.

* * * * * * * * *

[From Bishop H. M. Marvin, D. D.]

The Wesleyan Female Institute is an honor to the Church. Instruction is thorough. All classes stand high. The most talented Professors are employed. The School is very prosperous, and deserves to be so.

TERMS FOR THE ENTIRE COLLEGIATE YEAR. Board and Tuition in the Collegiate Course $240 00. Music and other extras moderate.

For Catalogue of fifty-four pages, Address Rev. W. A. HARRIS, Staun

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1872.

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

☞ WE ARE ADVISED TO CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM MADE BY THE WAR. I PROTEST AGAINST THIS ADVICE.—*Boutwell, Grant's mouthpiece, at Greensboro.*

☞ IN THIS FAITH, AND WITH THE DISTINCT UNDERSTANDING THAT IF ELECTED, I SHALL BE THE PRESIDENT, NOT OF A PARTY, BUT OF THE WHOLE PEOPLE, I ACCEPT YOUR NOMINATION IN THE CONFIDENT TRUST THAT THE MASSES OF OUR COUNTRYMEN, NORTH AND SOUTH, ARE EAGER TO CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM, WHICH HAS TOO LONG DIVIDED THEM, FORGETTING THAT THEY HAVE BEEN ENEMIES, IN THE JOYFUL CONSCIOUSNESS THAT THEY ARE, AND MUST HENCEFORTH REMAIN, BRETHREN.—*Horace Greeley.*

Why Greeley Should be Voted for.

Let there be no crimination or recrimination on account of acts of other days,—*A. H. Stephens.*

No canvassing of past conduct. Great disasters are upon us and upon the whole country; and, without inquiring how these originated, or at whose door the fault should be laid, let us now, as comon sharers of common misfortunes, on all occasions *consult only us to the best means, under the circumstances as we find them, to secure the best ends towards future amelioration.*—*A. H. Stephens.*

Let old issues, old questions, old differences and old feuds be regarded as fossils of another epoch. They belong to what may hereafter be considered as the silurian period of our history.—*A. H. Stephens.*

Let all patriots, by whatever distinctive name heretofore styled, rally, in all sections everywhere, to the support of him, BE HE WHO HE MAY, WHO BEARS THE STANDARD WITH CONSTITUTIONAL UNION EMBLAZONED ON ITS FOLDS.—*A. H. Stephens.*

Greeley bears the standard of Constitutional Union. Let all patriots rally to him.

Let there be no canvassing of his past conduct. That belongs to the silurian period of our history.

[From Paul Strobach's speech at the Grant and Wilson ratification meeting.]

The Radical Watchword.

"*My Colored Friends:* YOU MUST PUT YOUR HEEL ON THE NECK OF THE WHITE MAN AND GRIND HIM IN THE DUST."

REMARKS.

This man Strobach, who was a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, is the head and front of the Radical Party in Alabama. He holds in the hollow of his hand the central Radical legion or "National Guard," and they control all other Radical societies and "guards" in the State. In the speech from which we have quoted he gives the key note of the Grant and Wilson campaign. It will be taken up by his leaguers throughout the State ard used in private, if not in public, to concentrate the negro vote. Let white men, therefore, be admonished in time and let no man, with a patriot's heart in his bosom, assist Strobach, by either his counsel or his vote, in setting the heel of the negro on the neck of the white man that he may "*grind him in the dust.*"—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

And yet our neighbor, the Sun, is indirectly aiding Grant and his infamous henchman, Strobach, in their infamous policy by resisting the election of Horace Greeley, the candidate of the Democrats, who propose to oust Grant from office and defeat his policy.

Communications.

We desire to repeat what stands at the head of our columns. We will not engage to return rejected or any other communications. We cannot put ourselves to that trouble to relieve parties who try to thus escape the labor of taking copies. Do not ask us to return a communication.

☞ We have been shown a letter to Governor Vance from a distinguished gentleman of Washington City, says the Southern Home, saying that Grant's orders to Boutwell were to spend the last dollar in the Treasury, if necessary, to carry the North Carolina elections!—*Savannah Republican.*

The Atlanta Constitution.

The enterprising proprietors of this excellent journal are making great efforts to extend their circulation during the campaign, and we are glad to learn that their list is rapidly increasing. Such of our friends as desire to keep advised of affairs at the State Capital, will find the reports of THE CONSTITUTION reliable and full.—*Monroe Advertiser.*

Curtin.

One of the strongest Greeley accessions is ex-Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania, Minister to Russia. He is a pure and powerful public man. He was strongly devoted to Grant, but disgusted with mismanagement he resigns a high office Grant gave him, and is coming home to canvass for Greeley.

Hon. Emanuel Heidt.

A communication explains the action of Hon. Mr. Heidt, of Chatham, in regard to changing the name of Dodge county.

Mr. Heidt is incapable of doing anything purposely amiss.

Georgia Reports.

The Analytical Index, prepared by Capt. Jackson, Supreme Court Reporter, is now ready, and may be had either of the Reporter or Phillips & Crew, book sellers of this city. Those who subscribed for the work will have it sent to them.

☞ Colonel Acton, of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, called on us on last Tuesday morning. He continues to have the appearance of being in good health and well fed, though we thought he had fallen off a few tons since the warm weather set in, as he appeared to fit a little more loosely in our sanctum. The Colonel is not a dangerous man if he is a large one. He represents a capital paper, and doubled its subscription in Washington during his last visit.—*Washington Gazette.*

Democratic Friends Come Into Line.

Among the staunch spirits of the Democracy in Georgia is Mr. Willingham, of the LaGrange Reporter, a pure, brave, able, true man. No man has evinced more Democratic fidelity. He is perhaps as typical a specimen of the anti-Greeley Democrats as could be found. He always defends his positions ably, and has a reason for his conduct.

Our friend, for once, seems bewildered. Usually so decided, he now appears at sea. The editorials in his last paper present a curious incongruity. He, for once, shows a want of that nerve that has marked him always. With all of his impulses driving him sternly to the fight, he not only holds back, but absolutely is helping the cause of Grant, whom he hates, by throwing cold water on the success of Greeley, the only instrument now available to defeat Grant. So strong are his prejudices against Greeley, and so little does he display that pluck and resolution, habitual to him, in controlling those prejudices for his country's good, that he allows himself to drift into actual aid of Grant—his country's oppressor—since any discouragement to Greeley is support to Grant.

No one has felt stronger reluctance to support Greeley than we have. We yield to none in the force of our Democratic convictions, nor in the warmth of our Southern prejudices. But in this matter we have come to resolutely face duty, and repressing prejudice to subject the situation to the stern scrutiny of dispassionate judgment, and do for the public good.

Our friend has no harder thing to do than others. Let him be no less gallant in doing an unpleasant duty.

Let us see what he says:

"Now that Gov. Smith has been chosen the standard-bearer of the Democrrcy of Georgia, it becomes the duty of every citizen of the State to use every effort to retain him for another term."

Yet Greeley is the standard-bearer of the National and State Democracy, and there is the same duty to support him. He says:

"We are not prepared to advise anybody to make a choice between these two rival Radical candidates."

And yet Greeley is the Democratic candidate, and of Grant he says elsewhere:

"How long will the people of the United States submit to having their rights torn from them, at the bidding of a set of plunderers, placed in power by their suffrages? The people must be aroused; they must cut loose from political tricksters and act for themselves. The advancing tramp of tyranny may be heard all over the land, and this is the time to meet it and stop it. History tells us that 'liberties once lost are never regained.'"

And yet he refuses to stand to Greeley, who is the nominee of his party, and leading the only movement that can stop the "advancing tramp of Grant's tyranny." And he says there is no choice between the oppressor and tyrant Grant, and Greeley the foe of that tyrant and his infamous policy.

Again, though the overthrow of central despotism is involved, he says:

"The Presidential contest, as it now stands, is one that we have no heart for and no interest in."

Again, he says:

"We of the South, must necessarily look to the North and West for assistance."

Yet he opposes the very programme of assistance that the North and West are pushing.

Again, he says perhaps the people may be stirred up to participate in the contest by the fact that there is a choice between Grant and Greeley, and then he helps the idea by such statements as this:

"As matters now stand, we see but little chance for Greeley's success."

Now, brother Willingham, come bravely into line. The day for misgivings about or opposition to the Democratic programme is over. We commend to you the spirit and example of the gallant Voorhees, as stated in your own following words:

D. W. Voorhees, whom Indiana proudly terms "The tall Sycamore of the Wabash," has thrown his first sheil into the ranks of the enemy. He is the noblest Roman of them all. He has never been found in the rear when a battle for Constitutional Liberty was to be fought. In the darkest days of the Republic he stood, like a rock based in the ocean's bosom and beat back the waves of Radicalism that threatened to obliterate every vestige of Constitutional Liberty. He has stood upon the watchtower a faithful watchman, and in reply to the cry of the people, "Tell us of the night?" answers "Grant must be beat." Why cannot we, like the General who leads his brave soldiers to do battle for his country and who sheds tears over his dead, make this sacrifice for our country? Voorhees has made his, with pain and regret it may be. Yes, it is his belief that his country demands the sacrifice. God grant that he and others may be right who have done as he has, and that our country may be forever rid of the putrid sores of Radicalism. May all good people, North, South, East and West, unite to this end, and may God deliver us from evil.

We are not for dynasties, but the cause. Opposition to Greeley or neutrality is opposition to the cause of constitutionalism and a reformed government. It shall never be said of us that we fought against this great cause.

North Carolina.

The political interest now centers around North Carolina. The first battle of the campaign since the alignment of parties is to be there. The election comes off on Thursday for Governor and Congressmen. In 1868 Grant's majority was 13,136 in a vote of 180,316. In 1870 the Democratic majority was 5,000. In 1871 the Radical majority was 9,000 in a vote of 185,000.

Both sides are working like beavers. If the Radicals are defeated, the result will be crushing. The example of defeat will be of tremendous import. The Greeley cause will get an enormous impetus. If the Democrats are defeated, while it will inspirit the Radicals much, it will be no cause for Democratic despondency. The chances are for the Radicals.

Grant is resorting to every means to succeed. His Secretary of the Treasury, Boutwell, went there to speak, a shameful thing Wilson, the candidate for Vice President, has been there. Money has been drawn from the United States Treasury to buy votes. The sum of $355,000 was sent ostensibly to pay the expenses of the Federal Court. But as the expenses have not been over $5,000 heretofore the transparency of the dodge is patent, and we have the disgraceful spectacle of the administration deliberately stealing the people's money to continue itself in power for future plunder and oppression. And yet we hear the talk from Democratic sources that Greeley, who opposes this thing is no better than Grant, who does it, and Grant is supported in it by discouragement to Greeley, who is seeking to overthrow it.

Mr. Phillip Clayton and Mr. J. E. Lloyd, the only two Georgia Democrats who have declared for Grant, may claim to be Democrats, but they will find it hard to convince others that they are not Radicals, and only use Greeley as a pretext to go where they belong—to Grant and Radicalism.

Mr. W. O. Tuggle for Congress.

We do not see why the candidate should not be from Troup. Muscogee and Coweta furnished the two last.

Mr. W. O. Tuggle, of this county, well and favorably known to the people of the District as an able young lawyer, and as a gentleman who has done gallant service in the cause of Democracy in days when many of our best men were silent at the presence of military despotism, is hereby respectfully suggested as a suitable candidate, and as one who will do yeoman's service in the campaign and leave nothing undone to secure success in the Congressional race.—*LaGrange Reporter.*

Col. Tuggle is a worthy and talented gentleman, and deserves promotion. He graduated in 1861. He was a gallant soldier under Morgan. He was elected to the State Senate in 1868, but counted out by Bullock. He was on the Seymour and Blair electoral ticket. He would grace Congress.

Cotton.

The receipts this week are 4,000 bales—7,000 less than last year, and 3,000 less than two years since. It is likely the receipts for next week will be 3,000 bales, compared with 10,000 last year, and 5,000 the year before; and receipts at interior towns 1,000 bales, compared with 3,000 last year, and 3,000 the year before.

The first two days of this week were cloudy and showery, with heavy rains at night; then three days clear and pleasant; the past two days have been clear, and the hottest of the season. One day the thermometer stood at 76 at noon, but has averaged 86 at noon for the week. The wind has blown from the Northwest for several days, and it is likely this hot dry weather will continue for several days—at least until the wind changes to the East or Southeast.

The rains have not injured the cotton plant, but it has grown so fast and is so full of sap that a drought of several weeks would damage it some, causing it to shed part of its fruit. But as it is impossible for the large quantity of bolls and squares that are now on the stalks to mature, it will benefit the crop to have part of them shed off, also this hot, dry weather will stop the ravages of the caterpillar and boll worm. So those that expect serious damage to the crop from a short spell of hot dry weather may be mistaken.

Knowing the aversion of many of our readers, and looking at the bear side of cotton, we have hesitated for some weeks to write fully what we believed, but we will now do so, even if it does subject us to criticism.

From all parts of the South the reports are cotton is splendid. Spinners have bought so little lately that the quantity of cotton in sight has increased from 18,000 bales per week for our own spinners' use, six weeks ago, to 28,000 bales per week for the remaining five weeks of this cotton year. Is not this an abundance? Notwithstanding some of our usually well informed cotton men say there will be a scarcity very soon. Also, the American cotton in sight for Liverpool has increased from 27,000 bales per week until November 1st; six weeks ago to 32,000 bales per week for the remaining fourteen weeks. We make this supply in the following manner: stock in Liverpool 301,000 bales, afloat for Liverpool 37,000 bales, will be exported by steamers and received in Liverpool by November 1st 125,000 bales. This leaves 34,000 bales for stock and export. If this is not a large supply it is enough to prevent that market from advancing in face of the fact that there is 90,000 bales more Brazil and Egyptian cotton now in Liverpool than last year this time, which can be used in place of American, if needed, and the total supply of cotton in sight of all kinds is 310,000 bales more than last year this time. Just now everything points to much lower prices, but as there are always two sides to all questions, we will state what may occur to alter this state of affairs and put cotton up much higher. We may have six weeks drought which would cut off the crop 25 per cent.; the caterpillar may cut the crop next month, or we may have killing frost early in October, either of these things would cut short the crop and put the price up. Again, our readers must judge for themselves what the prospects are for all or either of these things to take place. Just now there is a little spurt up in Liverpool. Spinners had run down their stocks to about 75,000 bales, and as uplands were dull at 9½d., they thought it a good time to stock up a little, and the increased demand naturally put the price up some but it will last but a few days.

There is no doubt there will be many fluctuations and many turns when the market will look like it was going right up, but that the general course of the market will be downwards for a few months, we have but little doubt. The cause of the increased receipts this week, particularly at Savannah, is that some planters who have been holding for higher prices are becoming scared at the splendid appearance of the growing crops.

Let us Cease the "Bitter Pill" Talk.

Is it not about time for the Democratic supporters of Mr. Greeley to cease the statement that taking him is a "bitter pill," and he is the "choice of evils." It has been said, until it has become an old song. Everybody knows it. Its assertion is stale. Let it cease. It does no good. It was necessary in its time, and represented a truth. It is now out of place, and gives aid to the enemy. It breaks the force of our advocacy. It is as unnecessary as it is impolitic.

Whatever be the motive that has impelled Democrats to support Mr. Greeley, that support is necessary to the great cause of constitutional government, it should be given and, should be hearty and unqualified. It is not manly to whine or look back. It is weak to be always parading excuses and apologies.

It has never been our habit, when in a fight, to waste words and time in discussing the matters that put us in, but to push the fight to whip it. That is our fix now. We are in the melee. Right or wrong we are in it, we know from right, and we believe for right, and we are going to do our might to conquer.

It is no question now to discuss whether Greeley is a "bitter pill" or a "lesser evil." That is settled. The issue now is to defeat Grant and his tyranny, stop Southern oppression and restore Southern equality. Greeley is the agent to do it. We are for Greeley, therefore, with our whole soul.

Rough on Acton.

Acton, you know, is the living skeleton of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. He weighs some two hundred and fifty pounds, and is heavy on getting subscriptions for that capital paper. He is also a Greeley voter. The other night he was coming down on the train from Atlanta to Griffin. He laid himself down on three or four seats as a little bed, and after laying down to sleep on "the line of THE CONSTITUTION," he went right into dreamland, where he saw Greeley and Brown ascending the steps leading into the White House. It happened that some friends had presented the frisky Colonel with a bran new Greeley hat. While visions of Washington floated in undisturbed measure before him, a gentle gust of wind quietly took away his cotton-colored tile. Acton is now in a dilemma: he can't make up his mind whether to cuss Greeley or his hat.—*Macon Enterprise.*

The Atlanta and Lookout Mountain Railroad.

This road runs from Ringgold to Cooper's Spring, the headquarters of Chattanooga Creek. It is 23 miles long. It will cost $268,936, or $11,953 per mile.

The object of this railroad is to make available the exhaustless coal and iron of that section. Lookout and Pigeon Mountains have measureless mines. McLemore's Cove, 25 miles long and 7 miles wide, is one of the richest agricultural valleys in the State.

This road is of immense importance to Atlanta, in giving her cheap coal and iron for her manufactories.

We hope the enterprise will be pushed.

Wilkinson County.

This county sent the following delegates to the Democratic State Convention:

J. C. Bower, T. Chambers, and J. G. Ockington. Their names were inadvertently omitted in the list.

Book Notices.

God-Man. By L. L. Townsend, D.D. Boston: Shepherd, Publishers, Boston. For sale in Atlanta by Phillips & Crew.

This is a very able work from the pen of the author of "Credo," Professor in the "School" of Theology, Boston University. It is an argument to prove the Deity of Christ. Search is instituted and the religions of the world scanned. In each of them is found an idea of God, and also the necessity of an atonement—an atonement by the shedding of blood. There is universally a seeking after one to stand between God and man. Christ came. He was the fulfillment of this universal requirement and expectancy, and the volume sets forth in masterly and unanswerable manner proofs of the Humanity and Divinity of the Savior. This is a learned and highly valuable work.

A Comprehensive & Ill History of the United States—By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, of Georgia. E. J. HALE & SON, Publishers, 17 Murray Street, New York.

The above is the title of a book to be issued this week. Its author is a statesman, who, having been identified with the history of our country for nearly two generations, brings to his task an experience such as is possessed by few writers of the age, and who treats his subject in a manner at once fascinating and instructive.

The volume, 12mo, 513 pages, has numerous illustrations—is beautifully printed, and tastefully and strongly bound. Price $1 50. If not to be had at the local bookstores, the publishers will send it by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price.

We shall give further notice.

Fighting Friends.

Since the action of the National and State Conventions making Greeley the Democratic candidate, the Democratic party of Georgia has the most binding of party obligations to support him. A few are withholding their adhesion to the cause, and those who are thus acting are directly aiding Grant. Their views are being exultantly quoted by the Grant papers, and used to bolster up the Grant cause. The Macon Telegraph spoke somewhat indignantly of the matter, and was remonstrated with. To this remonstrance it replies in the following humorous but pointed manner:

"But consider the provocation! We feel somewhat as old Jack Gregory did when he got into a big neighborhood fight about hog stealing. There were a dozen on each side, in a terrible melee, when Jack got a pistol ball plumb through his cheeks, shot by one of his own party—Jason Faulk—who had the misfortune to be crossed as to one eye and could not see well out of the other.

After the fight was over, and Jack spit out some blood and a few grinders, his first impulse was to visit Jason with retributive vengeance, as a "dern sneak who had fought on the side of the enemy." But when the case had been stated and argued, Jack's indignation subsided. "*Well,*" says he, "*I sartainly did mean to give Jason h—ll, but now I only say* DAM HIS EYES."

Such, no doubt, on reflection, will be the conclusion of the writer of the editorial the Advertiser complains of; but he is not here to speak for himself. No doubt he will be willing to display a Christian charity in giving the credit of *good intentions* to the Georgia straight-out presses who, in attacking the Baltimore nominees, are really fighting for Grant; but he must do it at the expense of their mental perceptions. They ought to know better.

Grant Democrats.

The Sun's report of this meeting says that "overtures made by Democrats, favoring the nomination of General Grant, were treated with the utmost respect and courtesy." Now let us have the names of those "Democrats," and the claims they represent at Washington.—*Macon Telegraph.*

By all means! We wish to know those Democrats. Our report of the meeting had nothing about "overtures." The Sun has wonderful nack of ascertaining all items of news *against* the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party.

The Bill for Regulating Advertisements

To the Members of the Legislature:

The undersigned, committee from the "Georgia Press Association" beg, most respectfully, to call your attention to the bill, pending in the Senate, to regulate the mode and manner of publishing the legal advertisements of the several counties of this State. This bill was carefully drawn by a committee of the Press Association, and *unanimously* adopted at *two* annual meetings. It is based on the experience of the oldest members of the Georgia Press, and is intended to remedy evils that are known only to those who have had such experience.

The object of the bill is to give such direction to legal advertising as may be most conducive to the end arrived by such publication; that is to say, the greatest publicity *in the localities* where the interests of the parties are involved; and not to allow such work to become the subject of *speculation* by county officials, at the sacrifice of the public interests, and especially of the interests of dead men's estates and of their orphans.

The first section directs that such advertisements shall be published in the paper having the *largest* circulation in the counties from which such notices emanate, and how the extent of such circulation is to be ascertained.

The second and third sections provide how the publisher is to be paid and how much.

The fourth inflicts a penalty upon the Ordinary for non-compliance with the bill when it becomes law.

The fifth requires the printer to furnish to the county a bound volume of his paper as a county record, and designates the price to be paid him therefor.

The sixth inflicts a penalty upon any officer of the State, having legal publications to make, for receiving any pecuniary benefit to himself from the printer's fee.

The seventh repeals all conflicting laws.

Every respectable paper in Georgia is in favor of, and earnestly urges, the passage of the bill as an act of simple and even-handed justice to all parties concerned in the matter of legal advertising. It is the first and only time the Press of Georgia have come in a body before the General Assembly asking anything for themselves; and they ask a fair and impartial consideration of the merits of the bill in the interests of the public good.

There is no law upon the statute books of the State giving definite direction to the publication of legal advertisements, and many of the county officers take advantage of this circumstance to give such direction to the advertising under their control as will put the largest commissions in their own pockets, without regard to the interests officially entrusted to their keeping. They charge up in their bills of costs full prices for such advertising and put the commissions into their own pockets. This is often done through papers having little or no circulation in their respective counties, while other journals are more largely circulated within the same limits.

We appeal to the members of the General Assembly to give this bill all due and proper consideration; for we feel sure they *could not* fail to act promptly if they were aware of the evils which exist in regard to legal advertising in consequence of the absence of such legislation as the bill presents—based, as it is upon the experience of the oldest members of the newspaper profession.

We feel the greatest interest in its passage because of its great justice to all parties and to all interests to be affected.

Very respectfully,

J. H. ESTILL, Savannah News;
C. W. STILES, Albany News;
W. A. HEMPHILL, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION;
C. S. HARDEN, Savannah Republican;
W. G. WEBB, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION;
C. H. C. WILLINGHAM, LaGrange Reporter.

Editors Constitution: I see the good people, or at least some of them, desire to change the name of their well known and flourishing town from Carterville to something else. The Express wants it Stewart City; some one else has suggested Tumlin. If any change is to be made, allow me to suggest, name it in honor of some of our big men. Call it Jeff. Davis, Braxton Bragg, Joe Johnston, of the military, or Jenkins, Milt. Smith or Norwood, of the civil service. Norwood would be a fine name. GEORGIAN.

The Bill for Regulating Advertisements

To the Members of the General Assembly:

The undersigned, committee from the "Georgia Press Association" beg, most respectfully, to call your attention to the bill, pending in the Senate, to regulate the mode and manner of publishing the legal advertisements of the several counties of this State. This bill was carefully drawn by a committee of the Press Association, and *unanimously* adopted at *two* annual meetings. It is based on the experience of the oldest members of the Georgia Press, and is intended to remedy evils that are known only to those who have had such experience.

The object of the bill is to give such direction to legal advertising as may be most conducive to the end arrived by such publication; that is to say, the greatest publicity *in the localities* where the interests of the parties are involved; and not to allow such work to become the subject of *speculation* by county officials, at the sacrifice of the public interests, and especially of the interests of dead men's estates and of their orphans.

The first section directs that such advertisements shall be published in the paper having the *largest* circulation in the counties from which such notices emanate, and how the extent of such circulation is to be ascertained.

The second and third sections provide how the publisher is to be paid and how much.

The fourth inflicts a penalty upon the Ordinary for non-compliance with the bill when it becomes law.

The fifth requires the printer to furnish to the county a bound volume of his paper as a county record, and designates the price to be paid him therefor.

The sixth inflicts a penalty upon any officer of the State, having legal publications to make, for receiving any pecuniary benefit to himself from the printer's fee.

The seventh repeals all conflicting laws.

Every respectable paper in Georgia is in favor of, and earnestly urges, the passage of the bill as an act of simple and even-handed justice to all parties concerned in the matter of legal advertising. It is the first and only time the Press of Georgia have come in a body before the General Assembly asking anything for themselves; and they ask a fair and impartial consideration of the merits of the bill in the interests of the public good.

There is no law upon the statute books of the State giving definite direction to the publication of legal advertisements, and many of the county officers take advantage of this circumstance to give such direction to the advertising under their control as will put the largest commissions in their own pockets, without regard to the interests officially entrusted to their keeping. They charge up in their bills of costs full prices for such advertising and put the commissions into their own pockets. This is often done through papers having little or no circulation in their respective counties, while other journals are more largely circulated within the same limits.

We appeal to the members of the General Assembly to give this bill all due and proper consideration; for we feel sure they *could not* fail to act promptly if they were aware of the evils which exist in regard to legal advertising in consequence of the absence of such legislation as the bill presents—based, as it is upon the experience of the oldest members of the newspaper profession.

We feel the greatest interest in its passage because of its great justice to all parties and to all interests to be affected.

Very respectfully,

J. H. ESTILL, Savannah News;
C. W. STILES, Albany News;
W. A. HEMPHILL, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION;
C. S. HARDEN, Savannah Republican;
W. G. WEBB, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION;
C. H. C. WILLINGHAM, LaGrange Reporter.

Editors Constitution: I see the good people, or at least some of them, desire to change the name of their well known and flourishing town from Carterville to something else. The Express wants it Stewart City; some one else has suggested Tumlin. If any change is to be made, allow me to suggest, name it in honor of some of our big men. Call it Jeff. Davis, Braxton Bragg, Joe Johnston, of the military, or Jenkins, Milt. Smith or Norwood, of the civil service. Norwood would be a fine name. GEORGIAN.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Grant Alarmed—The Drift for Greeley—Sumner—Other Matters.

WASHINGTON, July 23, 1872.

It is evident that Grant has at last become thoroughly aroused to the dangers which menace him. Misled by his partisans and sycophants, he has been lulled into a false security, and reading only his newspaper organs, he has remained in ignorance of the extent and strength of the Greeley movement. Of late, however, he has evidenced a consciousness of the popular uprising against his administration. He has sent his Cabinet hither and thither on electioneering tours and now every nerve is to be strained, every office-holder's purse drained, to bind North Carolina in the toils of Radicalism. That money was sent to the Old North State, which was taken direct from the Treasury, for political purposes is now well known. Thither also went Secretary Boutwell, Senator Wilson and others of the Grant ring to exert their persuasive powers on the untutored African. And yet notwithstanding the encouraging reports published by the Grant organs, the stolid man who lolls and smokes on the verandah of his Long Branch cottage begins to apprehend that all is not well. His advisers are really seriously alarmed, and at their instigation, the President left Long Branch for Washington last night for the purpose of holding a conference at the White House to-day.

I have hinted at the use Grant has made of his Cabinet, and of the public funds, in order to secure his re-election. It now remains to be told how he is still further utilizing the resources of the Government. In the first place, the law which forbids the heads of the departments making political assessments on clerks and other employees, has been ingeniously evaded. A paper is circulated, pledging these clerks and employees to "aid" the Radical campaign committee. Of course, several thousand clerks cannot be made available in a clerical capacity, and this promised aid really means ready cash. Then again, a refusal to sign is attributed to Greeley sympathies, and off goes the head of the victim, despite the civil service reform, of which we have heard so much. But these clerks are not only called upon to furnish the sinews of war, but to supply brains as well. All who can write respectable English are expected to compose Grant editorial, which, after having been revised by the President's Secretaries and the White House, are sent to the Grant organs in the rural districts for publication. This accounts for the amount of rant and fustian displayed in the columns of the office-holders' journals of late. It will be seen, therefore, that the Grant party is far from idle. Indeed, it is uncommonly busy, and there must be like activity on our side if we would make sure of victory. True, the people are with us, but there is much work to be done in order to rid Washington of the thieving crew which has so long infested it.

POLITICAL SIGNS.

Senator Thurman says Greeley will have two hundred electoral votes, without counting Ohio. A carefully prepared calculation gives him 212, leaving California, Louisiana, and other States, which may be considered doubtful, to Grant.

The advices received at the Liberal headquarters here are highly encouraging. Mr. DeFrees tells me there is no doubt whatever of carrying North Carolina by from five to ten thousand majority, and electing seven out of eight Congressmen.

On the other hand Zach Chandler, who can hardly be considered competent authority, by the way, claimis the old North State for the Radicals by 10,000 majority, and four out of the eight Congressmen.

Alexander McClure, Chairman of the National Liberal Executive Committee, and one of the shrewdest politicians in this country, passed through here last night en route for North Carolina. He reports the Greeley tide rising in every direction, and says there is no doubt whatever of the election of Buckalew as Governor of Pennsylvania, in October.

John W. Forney has been here, the guest of Senator Sumner. He says he shall continue to support Grant, but those who know him best predict that he will be out for Greeley before the campaign is over.

The report that ex-Governor Curtain is to return home to stump Pennsylvania for Greeley is revived. If true, there need be no further doubt as to the result in that State.

SENATOR SUMNER'S POSITION.

Efforts continue to be made to induce Senator Sumner to officially define his position. He does not hesitate to say in private conversation that he favors Greeley, and desires the defeat of Grant, but shrinks from committing these sentiments to the public prints over his own signature. Sometime since, it will be remembered, he received a letter, signed by a number of colored men, asking his advice as to what candidate they should support in the campaign. Gentlemen, who called on Mr. Sumner soon after, stated that he would answer this letter before the election in North Carolina, and advise the colored people to support Greeley and Brown. This would be worth thousands of votes to the Liberal party. Now, it is said, he will not reply to the letter at present, if at all. He is to be waited upon to-day, however, by a gentleman, fortified with a batch of letters, and may be induced to reconsider his determination. The trouble seems to be that Mr. Sumner doubts the sincerity of the Southern people, and fears that when they have once more gained control of the government they will take away the rights with which the negro has been endowed. Mr. Sumner ought to be able to see that even were there a disposition to do this, it is too late now to think of undoing the acts of the past. In the opinion of his best friends, Mr. Sumner is injuring himself by this hesitation to give public expression to his well-known sentiments.

THE HOUSE COOKE DIDN'T BUILD.

Henry D. Cooke, Governor by the grace of Grant of this District, and a member of the firm of Jay Cooke & Co., owns a very handsome residence in Georgetown. In fact, there is not a finer private dwelling in the District. But it appears that Mr. Cooke's monied transactions with the Government have given him large ideas, and he concluded that nothing short of a palace could hold him. So he broke ground near his present dwelling a year or more ago, and commenced building. The work had not proceeded far when it was suspended; and it was only yesterday that I learned the reason why. It appears that Jay Cooke, the senior member of the firm, heard of this contemplated palace, and at once forbid its erection. "Your present residence is quite good enough for any man," said he to Henry D., "and if you go to putting up a magnificent structure people will talk, and say we have been robbing the Government," etc. This goes to show that Jay Cooke has a long head as well as a long purse. Meanwhile, Georgetown must remain unadorned by the proposed palace and grounds adorned with statuary.

The District is in a ferment just now, not only over national politics, but over the approaching election of a delegate to Congress and members of the House of Assembly. So far as national politics are concerned, it is safe to say that nine white men here out of ten are for Greeley and Brown. Locally, things are very much mixed. There are divisions in the Radical ranks, and it looks further as though the negroes will prove somewhat troublesome. It appears that they want all the offices for their own color, including the delegate to Congress. One result of these pretensions may be to so consolidate the white vote as to render the negro element powerless, and this will be a good thing. The Grant negroes here, such as Fred Douglass, Prof. Langston and others, who aim to control the colored vote, are well known to be pensioners of White House, and are repudiated by the most of the colored men, especially those of means.

THE WEATHER

has been much cooler for the past week, and the smallpox has almost entirely disappeared. The city was never so nearly deserted, however, as at the present time.

TOMMY HADCK.

Editors Constitution: I deem it but a duty, outside of personal considerations of respect and esteem due to the Hon. E. Heidt, the very able and efficient member from Chatham, to state in vindication of his course as regards the bill changing the name of the county of Dodge to that of Jenkins, that in assuming this prerogative, Dodge county being unrepresented, he was actuated by the highest sense of honor and duty, and offered the bill at the solicitation of friends, who were wrongly informed as to the conduct of the party after whom the county was named. Upon being assured of the unintentional error, Mr. Heidt rose to a question of privilege, and after a few well-timed remarks explanatory of his course, asked permission to withdraw the bill, which was unanimously accorded him.

The expression contained in the resolutions from the county of Dodge, as lately published in your paper deprecating the course of Mr. Heidt were based upon improper information, also, and they are now assured that nothing wrong or detrimental to the interest of the county was intended, and we hope that any censure or blame entertained by any one may be at once dispelled.

Respectfully, H. L. W. C.

Akerman the Great.

Editors Constitution: This celebrity was in the Representative Hall last night with a few white Radicals, a dense crowd of colored men, and a few curious Democrats on the *qui vive* to find out what points the Grant party make, as his audience.

His career as Attorney General at Washington has not improved him as an orator. It may be that no school of training could elevate him above mediocre in this respect. To me he is an unpleasant declaimer. But he is no mean sophist, and has some just claims as a partisan logician.

He has conceived and manifests a wonderful degree of interest in "my Democratic friends," to use his oft repeated expression last night, a wonderful amount of solicitude as to how they shall vote. He leaves essays to instruct them, as though they came to him for advice as to who is the best Liberal Republican, Grant or Greeley.

We could well afford to pay Mr. Akerman's expenses to travel over this State and speak to our Democratic friends who are unwilling to vote for Greeley. It would be the best and most convincing proof of the method of the Grant campaign in this State. They have no party of their own to be relied on to cast the vote of this State for Grant—scarcely white men enough to hold the offices and tell the negroes how to do. Hence the last grand *coup de main* is to convince Democrats that Grant is a better man, a more liberal Republican and that his administration promises more for the South than that of Greeley and Brown. Can't we make up a purse and send him around? I should be especially delighted to see him in the low country. We have no white Radicals down there except the Postmasters, and they are all for Grant. But we have a few Democrats who are unwilling to vote for Greeley. They do not seem to comprehend the reasons, as Democrats, why they should vote for him. If they could all hear Akerman, it would settle the question at once, and save us the trouble of further argument to them.

SOUTHWEST GEORGIA.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

A Grand Greeley Mass Meeting to be Held at Charlotte, N. C., on Monday.

The Reported Outrage at Charlotte a Canard.

A Large Excursion to be Given to the Poor.

Sh emakers on a Strike.

The Geneva Arbitration.

A Movement on Foot to Bail Stokes

Some Stealing at the H b.

Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27—*Probabilities.* Clear weather with light northerly winds from Lake Erie to Tennessee and eastward over the Middle and Eastern States; winds veering to northeasterly over the middle and upper lakes, with partly cloudy weather thence to the Ohio valley; southern to easterly winds in the upper Mississippi and west ward to the Missouri valley, with a falling barometer and cloudy weather to-night. Southerly to westerly winds will continue on the gulf with threatening weather and local rains; southeasterly winds and cloudy weather on the south Atlantic.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 27.—A grand mass meeting will be held here on Monday, the 29th. Senator Schurz, Gov. Walker, of Virginia; M. P. O'Conner, of South Carolinna; Gov. Graham, and others, will speak. A large crowd and glorious time is expected.

The reported outrage on the occasion of Governor Haryman, of New Hampshire, speaking at this place, is a perversion of the facts. He was interrupted by some fun-loving boys, by cries for Greeley, and questions. This was the extent of the so-called outrage. No pistols were used, as there was no occasion for it. No personal violence was offered to the Governor.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 27.—Nearly a thousand poor children with their mothers and nurses for infants, started on a free excursion this morning to Rockland in East Fairmount Park. A band of music accompanied them.

The subscriptions for a series of excursions amounts to over $7,000.

LYNN, MASS., July 27.—Some six hundred shoe makers, comprising the employees of thirty-five shops, have struck against a reduction of wages. The strike, however, is limited in extent, as much the larger number of manufacturers have not proposed to make a reduction of wages.

KEY WEST, FLA., July 27.—A large steamer is reported ashore eighty miles to the northward. It is supposed to be the Bieville It is also understood that the steamer Kansas has gone to her assistance.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 27.—The brig Jesu Maria Jose, from Havana for Charleston, stranded on Stono Breakers. She is supposed to be a total loss.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, July 27.—The recent interruption of the sittings of the Board of Arbitration occurred through the necessary re-examination of the English law on questions regarding the construction of privateering vessels in the British ports; and also the investigation as to whether the British Admiral

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

SUNDAY, JULY 28 1872.

City Intelligence.

SEE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE grandest treat of the season at Concordia Hall to-morrow night.

PLEASANT.—The position of driver of the ice delivery wagon this weather.

A FEW CASES.—There were a few cases of watermelon colic in the city yesterday.

MISS ANNIE SIMON makes her last appearance in this city at Concordia Hall to-morrow night.

REV. GEO. H. PATILLO, pastor, will preach at St. Paul's M. E. Church, at 11 A. M., to-day, and 8½ P. M. to-night.

PREACHING this morning and night at the Christian Church by T. M. Harris, Pastor. Morning service 10:30; evening service 8:30

HOUSTON T. FORCE & Co. are the agents here of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. Their office is No. 6 Kimball House.

DOOR STEP.—The warm evenings are passed on the door steps by some of our young ladies and gentlemen. Bad place for secret-telling.

C. S. GUYTON is the name of the Representative from Laurens county, and not C. J. Guyton as reported in the proceedings of the State Convention.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Wm. Jones will preach at the Fourth Baptist Church this morning. The Fifth Baptist Church will be dedicated at 4 P. M. to-day. Dedication sermon by Rev. J. P. Boyce.

BUFFALO MEAT.—All who wish to obtain this rarity would do well to call at once on McMillan & Snow. It is from the plains of Colorado and Kansas, and beats the buffalos killed by Alexis all to pieces.

ANYTHING TO BEAT GRANT.—A sole-leather brunette in the neighborhood of the colored college on Mitchell street, gave a younger brother a very severe whipping with an old hoop-skirt yesterday morning.

CANDIDATES.—A few candidates for office linger around the city. It is hoped that Governor Smith and the Legislature will do something to relieve them. They can repeat what Martin Van Buren once said "our sufferings is fearful."

KIRKWOOD ACADEMY.—The exercises of Kirkwood Academy will be resumed on the 15th of August. Charles M. Neel, the Principal, is an accomplished instructor, and Kirkwood is an elegant place. We commend the institution to popular favor.

THE Investigating Committee of the House to investigate the arrest of a member by the police have not concluded their labors. The city is represented by the City Attorney, and the police by Collier, Mynatt & Collier, and S. B. Spencer.

WE invite attention to the advertisement of Phillips, Flanders & Co., in another column. They offer great inducements to their customers. Mr. W. R. Phillips, Jr., who has done business on Peachtree street for several years with such signal success, is now a partner of this well known firm. Call and see him.

ARRESTED FOR FALSE SWEARING.—Yesterday Austin Reyman was arrested for false swearing before the legislative committee to investigate the arrest of a member of the House by the police and brought before Justice R. S. Water and Notary Public Hammond. He was released on his own recognizance until next Friday.

REMEMBER the grand concert at Concordia Hall on to-morrow night by Miss Annie Simon, the fair and popular New York cantatrice. It will be an hour of enjoyment, when the power of music will be felt, swaying the soul and melting the heart, and

Love and hope so bless the hours
Life's dial plate be marked with flowers.

CONSIDERABLE INDUCEMENT.—Parties desiring excursion tickets to New York will find an advertisement in another column from Mr. H. F. Clark, agent. It will be found that there is a reduction via Central Railroad and Savannah route. Tickets from Atlanta to New York and return for $45. Tickets good until 1st October next.

Tickets to be had at the Union Passenger Depot on and after 1st August.

STORY OF A ROSE BUD.—Round came the north wind and swept down upon the rosebud saying, "Give me a kiss." But the rose bud answered, "No." Round came the east wind and swept down upon the rose bud saying, "Give me a kiss." But the rose bud answered, "No." Then came the south wind blowing softly and lovingly and the rose bud kissed it. We commend the moral conveyed by this instance to the many little rose-buds blooming around the firesides in Atlanta.

ACCIDENT.—Thomas A. Barrett, son of Mrs. E. C. Barrett, thirteen years of age, on the evening of the 26th, while playing with other boys on the turntable at the round House of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, was caught in the machinery and had his thigh frightfully mangled from the hip nearly to the knee joint. The leg was also torn so as to expose the bone two or three inches. He was attended on by Dr. L. H Orme, and yesterday evening was doing well.

THERMOMETERS.—Thermometers are having a high old time. Well, still we are better off than some people. Think of the thermometer at 115 degrees in the shade at Allahabad, and 116 degrees in the shade at Hyderabad. Remember those who suffer at Delhi, and of those Persian deserts where Henry Martin panted under wet sheets while the mercury rose to 130 degrees.

The following is the state of the thermometer yesterday as kept at Redwine & Fox's; at 9 o'clock, 85; 10 A. M., 86; 12 M., 89½; 2 P. M., 92; 3 P. M., 93; 4 P. M., 92; 6 P. M., 90; average 89½.

FIENDISH.—On Thursday night an attempt was made to throw the night passenger train on the Georgia Railroad off the track about a half mile below the old rolling mill, by placing cross ties across the track. The cow-catcher went over the ties just as the train was stopped, and ties were so firmly wedged in between the cow-catcher and the track that they had to be knocked out with hammers. The great utility of the Westinghouse air-brake was demonstrated on this occasion. Had there been no air-brakes no one could tell the loss of life the accident would have occasioned.

BREED MUSQUITOES AND DISEASE.—It is said by eminent scientists men that the decomposition of a simple potato or wilted turnip will breed disease if the vapors of the decaying substance are confined to the walls of a house. The same is said of decaying substances in alleys, streets and yards. This holds good generally. Vapors from rubbish piles frequently impregnate the atmosphere and make it unhealthy. Filthiness causes destruction wherever it exists. Our city authorities should guard against this. The filthy water standing each side of the railroad track between Forsyth street and the railroad track on Whitehall street, not to mention other places in the city, is sufficient to breed millions of musquitoes, and to cause much sickness.

MR. J. L. WINTER.—Among the most prominent and first class wholesale tobacco and cigar houses of Atlanta, we take pleasure in directing attention to the establishment of the above named gentleman, located at the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets. Perhaps it is no injustice to the other excellent houses of the city, engaged in the same trade, to say that none do a more regular or extensive business than Mr. Winter. In the brands of tobacco at his house, can be found what dry goods men would term a "full line of goods," and cigars can be seen in large quantities, and seemingly endless varieties.

Mr. Winter is an old merchant, is of an unblemished character for just and honorable dealing, which warrants every confidence in the fairness of his prices and the quality of his Tobaccos and Cigars. With every facility for conducting his business, and a thorough knowledge of its details, he is able to offer great inducements to purchasers.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business---Cases yet to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

7	Patonia	24	Cherokee 14
8	Chattahoochee	54	Northern 8
9	Macon	35	Augusta, 18
10	Flint	16	Middle 1
11	Talbotton	31	Ocmulgee 13
12	Atlanta	21	Eastern 1
13	Rome	6	Brunswick 5

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *July* 27, 1872.

No. 8, F. A. Scott, trustee, vs. Thomas Berry. Distress warrant, from Clay. Argument concluded. B. Ahonan, H. Fielder, for plaintiff in error. John C. Wells, John T. Clark, contra.

No. 12, H. H. Christian vs. James B. Ransome. Equity, from Early. Argued. Hood & Kiddon, H. Fielder, for plaintiff in error. John T. Clark, contra.

No. 16, R. F. Adams vs. R. H. Worrill. Tax sale levy, from Stewart. Argued. Beall and Tucker, for plaintiff in error. H. Fielder, B. H. Ralford, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument in the above stated case, Court adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M. on Tuesday next.

ATLANTA, JULY 27, 1872.—*Editors Constitution:* Please allow me, through the columns of your valuable paper, as an humble member of this community, to enter my protest against the wicked license of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway on the Sabbath day. For some time past I have noticed, with pain, in your Saturday issues, the announcement that there would be the next day (Sunday) an excursion to New Holland. I call this misuse of the road because immorality and vice are thus engendered, or at least fostered by it. We are commanded to remember the Sabbath, day and keep it holy!

Perhaps the parties engaged in this enterprise have never considered that they are violating this command. Would it not, now, be a good time to reflect, to consider and to determine to do away with it? Not only our own, but the community of Gainesville, is injured by it. I learn that the congregations there have been badly demoralized. They prefer to go out to the "Spring" where they can buy lager beer, ice-cream, etc., (on the Sabbath) to going to church. Is this right? I mean is it right to throw this temptation in the way of any people? "It must needs be that offences will come, but woe be unto that man through whom the offence cometh."

Let them read this Scripture and act on it.

Will not the watchmen on the towers round about the city, the Ministers of the Gospel in our midst, do something towards abating this?

If I am mistaken in supposing it to be *their* duty to look after the moral interests of the community, more particularly than others, I withdraw my question.

Hoping that some one, who has more ability, will take hold of this,

I am, with much respect,
One who wishes to observe the
FOURTH COMMANDMENT.

Local and Business Notices.

W. H. BROTHERTON is selling the cheapest goods ever offered in Atlanta. Brown Linen Drill for Pants, 18½c.; 4-4 Slate Linen, for Ladies' Suits and Gent's Coats, 20c.; White Satin Stripe Pique, 20c.; Buff Stripe Pique, 25c.; Stripe and Plaid Japanese, 12c.; One-Button Kid Glove, 50c.; Two-Button Kid Glove, every pair guaranteed, $1 15. Glove-Fitting Corset, $1; 16-Bone French Woven Corset, 75c.; Solid Lawns in Buff, Blue, Pink, Purple and Brown, 15c.; Japanese Silk Patterns, $5. Japanese Silk, by the yard, 50c.; Bishop and Victoria Lawns, 20c. Figured and Striped Linen Lawns, 25c. Parasols, 25c. Ribbons 35c. per bolt. Mosquito Nets, 85c. 3 balls Knitting Cotton, 25c. Gent's Calf Boots, $3. Magnolia, New Port and Saratoga Slippers for Ladies, $2 50. The largest and cheapest stock of Shoes in the city.

july13–d3w

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS!!!—John Keely has just re-established his "BARGAIN COUNTER," and upon it will be found the CHEAPEST LOT OF GOODS ever offered in Atlanta, viz:

2,000 yards Dress Goods, 15 cents, worth 30 cents per yard.

5,000 yards Dress Goods, 22 cents, market prices 35 to 40 cents per yard.

The entire stock of Embroideries at Cost.

1,000 Lace Collars from 10 cents each to 50 cents, similar to those selling in town at from 25 cents to $1 00 each.

500 fine Linen Handkerchiefs, 10 cents each, worth 20 cents.

1,000 fine Linen Collars, 10 cents each, worth 25 cents.

Rouches, Frillings, Sets, Parasols, Infants' Waists, Fans, etc., at correspondingly low prices.

1,000 yards Jaconet Edgings at 5 cents per yard, worth 500 per cent. more.

Handsome Pointed Muslins, 15 cents per yard.

100 Linen Aprons, 50 cents each, worth 75 cents.

Many of the above goods having just been received from New York Auction Sales, purchasers will do well to examine them before buying, as I have obtained many of them for less than one-half what similar goods cost early in the season, and will dispose of them at short profits.

july28—d2t JOHN KEELY.

TAKE NOTICE! EXTRA CALL!!—The great rush for our goods during the past week is positive proof of the Bargains to be had at William Rich & Co.'s Palace Dry Goods Store. We give notice that we will continue, during the week, the Greatly Reduced Schedule of Prices, in order to make room for our Fall Stock. Dress Goods, Trimmings, White Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, etc., etc. All going out at our present low quotations. Call early for a good chance to select and notice the great inducement we are offering.

WILLIAM RICH & Co.,
july28—d2t James' Bank Block.

10 GOOD AGENTS WANTED to canvass in city and country. Business light and profitable. Call on or address

JOS. R. SANDERS,
No. 12 Peachtree Street,
july28—d3t Atlanta, Ga.

T. R. RILEY removed to Whitehall Street, three doors from Dodd's. Dealer in Crockery—Wholesale and Retail.

July 28th, 1872—dtf

FOR RENT—A new dwelling house, with eleven rooms, on Forsyth street, near the business portion of Whitehall street. Apply at Mrs. AGNES TURNER'S Hair Store, 15 Whitehall street. july28—d1w

PHILLIPS, FLANDERS & Co. have still on hand a good assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, which they offer to sell lower than any house in the city. Solid Colored Lawns, 12½ cents. Figured Lawns, 10 to 15 cents. Japanese Cloth, 10 to 20 cents. White and Colored Pique at 18 to 25 cents.

july28—d3t

SILENT LANGUAGE.—

Position, birth, to me are known,
By look, by bearing and by tone;
And more than words can e'er express,
Is spoken by the way you dress.

If you want to realize the poet's ideal of a well dressed gentleman, you can have your wish gratified by selecting an outfit at Eiseman & Bro., Tailors and Clothiers, 56 Whitehall street. july24-dtf.

ATLANTA MINERAL SPRING CURES.—*Mr. Sanders:* I had been suffering for five years with a very severe case of Dyspepsia. I commenced using the water of the Atlanta Mineral Springs—felt the beneficial effects of the water, and was entirely cured after its use twice a day for two months. I hereby recommend it to all afflicted as I was.

Yours, etc., JAS. STEWART,
Coweta County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: From long illness I was reduced to a skeleton—was generally debilitated—had no appetite, etc. I commenced using the Atlanta Mineral Spring water, and in less than a week commenced to improve; my appetite became better than ever; could eat and digest any kind of food, and soon gained flesh at the rate of three-fourths of a pound daily. J. M. MOORE, M. D.,
Houston County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: I can and do cordially recommend the Atlanta Mineral Spring water for the cure of Rheumatism. It is well to use it in bathing as well as drinking. I had had the disease for years and suffered excrutiatingly, and was entirely cured by this water, while every other remedy, that I had used, failed to do me any permanent good.

Yours truly, J. M. MCCARTHY.
Columbia, South Carolina.

july27-tf

RUPTURE CURED.—Patents go away daily from our office, having obtained relief, or are cured by us. If we can cure you, we will tell you so. No charge for examination. Call and see Drs. Rowe and Taber, corner Marietta and Broad streets, over Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga., and throw away your old trusses. Address box 363, Atlanta, Ga. dec24-tf

Don't fail, before buying your Furniture, to examine the large assortment at the "Emporium," corner Peachtree and Marietta streets. LIBERAL TERMS. july7d1m

SECOND FLOOR of old CONSTITUTION office for Rent. Apply at this office. july18—dtf

PEASE AND HIS WIFE will have from one to three car-loads of Richmond county Melons in daily. july9—dtf.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE serve daily full dinners consisting of Roasts, Entrees, Vegetables, etc. for 50 cents. july9—dtf.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE are constantly supplied with Fish, Oysters, fresh-water Brimms, etc. july9—dtf.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE—Saturday's sales 480 melons. june30—dtf

PEASE AND HIS WIFE European House transient with rooms, $2 50 per day, or rooms separate. Rooms furnished per day, week or month. july9—dtf.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE invite all residents and strangers to see our great fruit emporium. july9—dtf.

BUTTER on Ice, at HAGAN'S.
june20—dtf

PEASE AND HIS WIFE will receive daily fresh canteloupes, choice watermelons, soft peaches, tomatoes, etc. july9dtf.

WILL keep constantly during the season the most Choice Butter—kept constantly on Ice. JNO. T. HAGAN,
june20—dtf 114 Whitehall Street.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 00 per copy.

THE model Boarding House, next door to Concordia Hall, Mitchell street.

july24-deod1w

COMFORTABLE rooms, elegantly furnished, table supplied with the best in market, central and convenient at Mrs. J. Archer's, next to Concordia Hall, Mitchell street.

july24-deod1w

SPACIOUS and comfortable rooms at Mrs. J. Archer's, next to Concordia Hall, Mitchell street. july24-deod1w

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

MASON'S Fruit Jar, with Boyd's Porcelain, Lined Cap—50 cases—just received at
june20—dtf HAGAN'S.

MASON'S Fruit Jar—25 gross—just received at HAGAN'S.
june20—dtf

A Rare Opportunity.

ONE Thousand Dollars Cash will secure a very nice House. Become your own landlords and save rent. Three new substantially built and well finished houses of seven rooms each in good central neighborhood near Peachtree street, will be sold low and on long credit, viz: One-third cash, balance in one and two years. For particulars apply to

T. G. EISWALD,
june19—june11—dtf 170 West Mitchell Street.

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS.

Atlanta to New York,
VIA LOUISVILLE.

NEW PALACE CARS,
Caledonia,
Jackson,
Fairview,
State of Georgia,

Will run through from

Atlanta to Louisville,

commencing Monday morning, July 1st 6 30 A. M. This line will leave Atlanta EVERY DAY at 6 30 A. M.

R. R. WALKER,
june30—d1m(inside) Master Transportation.

Buffalo! Buffalo! Buffalo!

2,000 POUNDS BUFFALO BEEF SOLD TO McMillan & Snow, of this city, and hereby certify that I shipped it from Colorado to this place, and they are the only house that has any, except in small quantities, and further guarantee it genuine Buffalo Meat.

july27—d3t R. W. MOFFETT.

DISSOLUTION.

CITY OF ATLANTA, STATE OF GEORGIA. The firm of Spencer, Zimmerman & Clark, Proprietors of the Excelsior Steam Soap Works, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. P. Zimmerman having purchased the entire interest of Wm. F. Clark in the business, assuming all the liabilities of the firm so far as said Clark is concerned, and is alone authorized to receipt for debts due the firm. Neither partner is permitted to use the firm name in liquidation. The business will be continued by R. P. Zimmerman and Geo. C. Spencer, under the firm name and style of Zimmerman & Spencer.

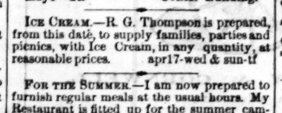
GEO. C. SPENCER,
R. P. ZIMMERMAN,
july26—d3t WM. F. CLARK

REMOVAL.

O'CONNOR & ROBINSON will remove their WHOLESALE MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS, on August 1st, in the Lochrane Building, opposite the H. I. Kimball House, where they will be pleased to see their friends and customers, and will be prepared, by the 1st of September, to show them a full and complete stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting of Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, etc., etc. In fact, all goods appertaining to the Millinery business. An experience of twenty years in the business we feel warranted in assuring you prices as low and styles as perfect as any house in the country. Would also return thanks to our friends and customers for their very liberal patronage and solicit a continuance of the same. We have also removed our Millinery Retail establishment to the frame Store House in the rear of P. O'Connor's residence, opposite the Post Office, where bargains can be had at retail. Call and see us. O'CONNOR & ROBINSON.

july27—d1m

CHARLES BOHNEFELD,



UNDERTAKER,

And Dealer in all kinds of

Metalic Burial Cases, Caskets and Coffins.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large assortment of Burial Cases, etc. Will give personal attention to Funerals, in the city or country, with a first-class HEARSE. All orders will receive prompt attention. Sole Agent for Taylor's Corpse Preserver.

CHARLES BOHNEFELD,
may14—d6m No. 1 DeGive's Opera House.

Wanted---Cotton Spinners.

TWO OR THREE FAMILIES, among whom are girls who have had some experience in attending to Ring Spinning Frames, can find employment at Willenton Manufacturing Company, Coweta county, Ga. Apply in person or by letter to

H. J. SARGENT, President,
july27—d6t Kimball House, Atlanta.

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its patrons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$15 00
Per Day	2 00		
Per Week	10 00	Per Month	35 00

may7—eod4-tf

GEORGIA, Henry County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, July 24, 1872.

JOHN W. TURNIPSEED applies to me for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Annie C. R. Turnipseed, orphan of Levi Turnipseed.

If objections exist, let them be filed within statutory time or the letters will be granted.

Witness my official signature.

GEO. M. NOLAN, Ordinary.
july26—w2td Printer's Fee $5

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

Roofing Materials, Etc.,

THE only reliable Composition Roofing in use has been tested on over three hundred roofs in Atlanta and vicinity. Always on hand a constant supply of

Dry or Tarred Sheathing Felt,

in any quantity. One, two and three-ply Felt, Roofing, Cement, Caulking, Pitch, Paraffine, and Black Varnish for the roofs and iron fronters use, etc. Coal Tar, Dead Oils, Kaolin and

Concrete Paving.

All Orders promptly filled

Office and Factory, on Elliott street in rear of Gas Works. july6—d1m

TWO DAILY CONNECTIONS

BY THE

Blue Mountain ROute,

VIA

Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 4.05 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad arrive at Rome at 10 P. M., making close connection with

The Mail Train

of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at

Selma	9 05 A M
and at	10 30 P M

and at all places connecting with trains of Alabama Central Railroad, arriving at

Meridian	4 45 P M
Jackson	11 30 Night
Vicksburg	7 30 A M

Also, make close connection at CALERA with trains of South and North Alabama Railroad, arriving at

Montgomery	1 25 A M
Mobile	7 20 P M
New Orleans	1 50 A M

The Road has been recently equipped and its equipment is not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.

☞ No change of cars between Rome and Selma.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

run through from ROME VIA SELMA to VICKSBURG without change.

No Delay at Terminal Points.

Passengers leaving Atlanta by 9 30 A M train of W. & A. R. R., make close connections at Rome with

FAST EXPRESS TRAIN

of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma at 12 M A M.

Fare as low as by any other Route.

☞ Purchase Tickets via Kingston at the General Ticket Office. JOHN B. PECK,
General Passenger Agent, Patona, Ala.

E. G. BARNEY,
General Superintendent.
BEAU CAMPBELL, Local Agent.
june5—dtf No. 4 Kimball House.

Just Received,

100,000 FEET

CHOICE Southwestern Dry Plank, one to one and one-half inch. We have arrangements to keep at all times supplied with the above desirable lumber.

Choice buyers are invited to call and examine the same.

MERRIAM, JONES & CO.
june 2-dtf

P. H. OELRICH,

UNDER JAMES' BANK, Agent for the celebrated CINCINNATI LAGER BEER, keeps constantly on hand a complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, Cigars, etc., the best Cincinnati Beer at all times on draught, fresh and cool. july19-d1m

FRANKLIN & EICHBERG,

Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Grates, Hollow-ware and Tin, Copper, Zinc, Sheet Iron and Tinner's finding.

Practical STEAM, GAS FITTERS and PLUMBERS.

Large variety of PUMPS—RAMS, STEAM, GAS FITTING and PLUMBING MATERIAL on hand.

28 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
july25—dtf

REDUCTION

—VIA—

CHARLESTON LINE.

BY mutual agreement between the Principal Freight Lines running into Atlanta from the East, the following reduction on all classes of freight will be made,

To take effect on and after the first day of August, 1872.

From New York, Philadelphia and Boston, to Atlanta, Georgia, per 100 pounds:

1st Class	2d Class	3d Class	4th Class	5th Class
$1 75	$1 50	$1 10	90	70
From Baltimore:				
$1 65	$1 40	$1 00	85	65
From Charleston:				
$1 10	90	75	50	40

Three STEAMERS PER WEEK after the middle of August, leaving New York on every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, and from Charleston on SAME DAYS of each week.

Ships on Baltimore Line sailing from each port every TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

Ships of Philadelphia Line sailing from each port every TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

Goods handled with care and all claims paid promptly.

Time equal to the very best made by any competing line. H. M. COTTINGHAM,
july25—d1w W. Agent.

THE GREAT

Southern Freight Line,

VIA SAVANNAH.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD, of Georgia, having purchased SIX of the finest New York Steamers on the Savannah Line, in order to facilitate their business and offer

Lower Rates of Freight

to the public, is now prepared to transport goods at the following very

Reduced Rates!

From New York, Boston and Philadelphia, to

ATLANTA AND NEWNAN, GA.,

PER 100 POUNDS,

1st Class	2d Class	3d Class	4th Class	5th Class
$1 75	$1 50	$1 10	90	70

TO TAKE EFFECT AUGUST 1st, 1872.

Complete classifications furnished by the undersigned.

Before making any freight arrangements in New York, call on our Agent, GEORGE TONGE, 639 Broadway.

H. P. CLARK,
july21—dtf Agent M. & W. R. R.

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for Summer Visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Hops and amusements.

FLETCHER & FARMER, Proprietors.
W. R. OLDS, Assistant.
june19—dtf

Land for Sale In Mitchell County.

A GOOD lot of land, 255 Acres, in the 8th district of Mitchell county, Southwest Georgia—about one-third improved, and the balance in pine timber, can be bought at a bargain. This tract lies near the Gum Pond, and is considered a better than the average in that neighborhood. The timber is of excellent quality. Being near Gum Pond, it affords the best facilities for establishing a steam saw mill.

Price Six Dollars per Acre.

The above land would be exchanged for unimproved property in Atlanta. Apply to

W. J. JONES,
july21—dtf Albany, Georgia.

CARD.

I HEREBY inform my patrons that I have to attend the Session of the Southern Dental Association in Richmond, Virginia, this evening, and will be absent until about the middle of August, during which time Dr. Jno. H. Holliday will fill my place in my office.

ARTHUR C. FORD, D. D. S.,
July 25th, 1872. Office 20 Whitehall Street.

NORTH AND EAST

VIA

NASHVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD

PALACE SLEEPING COACHES FROM

Atlanta to Louisville Without Change!

PALACE SLEEPING COACHES FROM

Louisville to New York Without Change!

Only one Change from Atlanta to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

☞ This advantage is offered by no other Route.

Trains leave Atlanta by this Route 9 30 A. M. and 10 P. M.

Holders of Tickets to New York by this Route can stop over at

Catoosa Springs, Lookout Mountain,

Mammoth Cave and Niagara Falls,

Resuming their Journey at Pleasure.

Remember---The Time from Atlanta to New York via Louisville is Hours Quicker than by Augusta.

Quick time and sure connections is our motto. Tickets on sale in all cities in the South.

Ask for Tickets via Chattanooga, Nashville and Louisville!

FOR MAP, SCHEDULES, ETC., ADDRESS

A. B. WRENN, Southeastern Pass. Ag't, No. 4 H. I. Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
J. W. THOMAS, Gen'l Sup't, Nashville, Tenn.
Nashville and Chattanooga and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, or
july9—d1m R. W. WRENN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, W. & A. R. R. Co.

OFFICE

Great Southern Freight Line,

CHARLESTON, S. C., JULY 20, 1872.

PATRONS OF GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE, via CHARLESTON, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed that they will have the benefit of the lowest rates published and in operation by any competing route.

J. M. SELKIRK,
july23—d1m Superintendent Great Southern Freight Line.

E. HOWARD & CO.'S

KEY AND STEM WINDING

WATCHES

E. B. FLOYD,

Successor to Sharp & Floyd,

Southern Agent.

This is beyond a shadow of doubt the finest and most reliable Railroad time keeper that has ever been made. Our arrangements are such that we can supply them on better terms than any house in the South—keeping at all times a large supply in Gold and Silver cases, and giving E. Howard & Co.'s own, as well as our guarantee, for long time, with each Watch sold. Our House is Headquarters in the South for these Watches. All parties who purchases from us can rely upon getting a genuine Howard Watch, and an accurate timepiece.

E. B. FLOYD,
Wholesale and Retail Jeweler, Atlanta, Ga.

N. B.---All parties at a distance who Order the Howard Watch from us please say which paper they saw our Advertisement in.

may24—d3m

W. L. WADSWORTH. CHAS. WYNN, N Y

W. L. WADSWORTH & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Hardware.

Also, a Large Stock of Stoves and House Furnishing Goods,

aug26—d1y OPPOSITE JAMES' BANK, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

I AM SELLING GEORGIA MADE STOVES

They are made of Scotch Pig and Shelby Iron. I buy all my Iron selected by a careful man. I MANUFACTURE THE

KU-KLUX, SENTINEL, STONEWALL AND ATLANTA.

They have all been tested and have given satisfaction wherever used. I also have a heavy stock of other Stoves that I will sell

Low for Cash,

to make room for my own make of Stoves. I will still sell the celebrated CHARTER OAK STOVES in connection with my own make.

I also have a large stock of

MANUFACTURED TIN,

to which I desire to call the attention of merchants. Any one desirous of purchasing COPPER STILLS would do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

I Guarantee all my Stoves to stand the Fire and not to Break in Heating

Plates for Stoves duplicated on short notice. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

L. B. LANGFORD,
march17—d&wtf 91 Whitehall Street.

The Baltimore Convention

Has nothing to do with our

REDUCTION OF PRICES.

COME AND BUY!

WATCHES,

Jewelry, Clocks,

Silver and Silver Plated Ware,

LOWER THAN EVER

OFFERED IN ATLANTA.

Fine French Clocks Worth $150 for $100,

$100 for $75, $75 for $50,

$50 for $35.

If you have a doubt, come and be convinced.

Our business partnership expires on the 9th of August, and we desire

TO CLOSE OUT OUR STOCK

as near as possible before that date.

N. B.—Persons indebted to the firm will do us a favor and save us and themselves the annoyance of dunning and being dunned, by calling and settling.

LAWSHE & HAINES,
30 Whitehall Street,
july7—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL PARTON'S Life of

HORACE GREELEY

The Poet-ess, Statesman and Philanthropist. Every citizen who is interested in the remarkable career of our NEXT PRESIDENT, should read the truthful story of his life, as told by the greatest American Biographer. A work of rare interest, and full of instruction. For circulars and terms address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga. july21-d2w

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to R. Trent.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the R. Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call, and he guarantees to give entire satisfaction

Atlanta and New Orleans

SHORT LINE!

ALL RAIL!

PASSENGERS FOR

Montgomery.

Selma, Mobile, Birmingham, and Tuskaloosa, Alabama.

MERIDIAN,

Jackson, Grenada, Vicksburg, Okolona, and Corinth, Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS,

Shreveport, Monroe, La. Jefferson, Galveston and all Points in Texas and Northern and Central Mississippi.

☞ LEAVING ☜

ATLANTA TWICE DAILY !!

At 6:50 o'clock, a. m., and at 7:00 o'clock, p. m.,

—VIA—

Atlanta & West Point R. R.

Will make direct connections with the above named places. Trains run through to Montgomery without change.

98 Miles Shorter

To Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans than Rose Mountain, (via Kingston and Rome,) or any other route, and

288 Miles Shorter

Than by Chattanooga, Grand Junction and Corinth, to New Orleans and Galveston.

351 Miles Shorter

To Shreveport and Jefferson, Texas, than by Chattanooga and Memphis, avoiding 616 miles of Mississippi River Steamboating.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Montgomery at 6 35 A. M., two hours and ten minutes earlier than via Rose Mountain Route.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 6 50 A. M., will arrive in Columbus at 4 35 next morning, 41 miles shorter than any other route to Selma, Meridian, Jackson and Vicksburg.

☞ Every attention paid to the comfort of Passengers. ☜ Baggage labelled with care, and checked to all terminal points.

Fare as low as any other route. Through Tickets for sale at the office of the General Ticket Agent, in the Union Passenger Depot in Atlanta. Also, one thousand mile Tickets for the accommodation of merchants and families, at reduced rates.

E. P. GRANT, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger Agent.
oct3—dsatSu-tf

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY B. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents.

Purely Mutual---Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1868, 1870 AND 1871,

Larger than that of any other Company in the World!

NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:

One Million Dollars a Month

More than for same period last year.

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—

Real Estate in New York	$ 2,350,000	Cash in Bank	1,350,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	1,300,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,500,000.

E. PLATT, General Agent,
NO. 1 KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.
july9—d1m

GREELEY AND GRANT

Are dividing the Radical party, and a good deal is said about the

KU-KLUX BILL,

—BUT—

STEPHENS & FLYNN,

FORSYTH STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

ARE FOLLOWING THE GOOD OLD

Democratic Plan

Of doing the greatest amount of good to the greatest number of people, by building up

SOUTHERN TRADE,

And are now offering to the Merchants and Planters,

4,000 bags Yellow Corn,	100 barrels Rye Flour,
2,500 bags Mixed Corn,	Bacon, Lard, S. C. Hams,
2,500 bags Choice White Corn,	50 barrels Whisky,
4,000 bushels Choice Oats,	20 barrels Pure Apple Vinegar,
200 bales Western Hay,	250 bags Virginia Salt,
500 barrels Flour—assorted brands,	250 boxes Starch—best brands,

100 barrels Hydraulic Cement.

ARE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

"THE HOWARD LIME."

Which is acknowledged to be the very best that is made in the State, and will supply Contractors and Dealers at LOWEST PRICES.

Country Produce.

Butter, Eggs, Feathers, Fruits, etc.

Fresh Corn Meal Received Daily.

We are prepared to handle 250,000 BUSHELS WHEAT, and invite Consignments, which shall have prompt attention.

STEPHENS & FLYNN,
General Commission Merchants.
Atlanta, Georgia, June 9, 1872.—d6m nov—

The Great Southern Freight and

PASSENGER ROUTE to and from NEW YORK,

**VIA SAVANNAH, GA

The Daily Constitution.

THE OLD, OLD HOME.

When I long for sainted memories,
Like angel troops they come,
If I fold my arms to ponder
On the old, old home.
The heart has many passages
Through which the feelings roam,
But its middle aisle is sacred
To the thoughts of old, old home.

Where infancy was sheltered
Like rose-buds from the blast,
Where girlhood's brief elysium
In joyousness was passed;
To that sweet spot forever,
As to some hallowed dome,
Life's pilgrim bends her vision—
The fair old, old home.

After sat, how proudly,
By that heirlooms's facts,
And told his children stories
Of his early manhood's days;
And one soft eye was beaming,
From child to child 'twould roam;
Thus a mother counts her treasures,
In the old, old home.

The birthday gifts and festive s,
The blended vesper hymn
(Some dear one who was swelling it
Is with the Seraphim.)
The fond "good nights" at bed-time,
How quiet sleep would come,
And fold us all together
In the old, old home.

Like a wreath of scented flowers
Close intertwined each heart;
But time and change in concert
Have blown the wreath apart.
But dear and sainted memories
Like angels ever come,
If I fold my arms and ponder
On the old, old home.

Alabama News.

The Supreme Court will adjourn the last of the month.

Watermelons weighing forty pounds sell at 20 cents in Greenville.

Selma can boast of more Notaries Public than any city of the State for its size.

Greeley and Brown clubs are organizing in most of the large towns of the State.

Col. Joseph Hodgson, of Montgomery, has gone to Boston to deliver an address upon "Public Education in the South."

Tennessee News.

Eggs sell in Woodbury at five cents a dozen.

There is scarcely any cotton going into Memphis. Business is dull.

It is stated that the average corn crop of Bedford county will be forty bushels per acre.

James Bradly, of Laurence county, sowed three and a half bushels of wheat and reaped one hundred and eight bushels.

News Condensed.

California has 11,000,000 sheep.

Women drive horses on the English canals.

It cost $14,949,508 62 to run the city of Boston last year.

Twice as much hay is being harvested in New England this year as last.

The largest brewery in the world is that of Barclay, Perkins & Co., London. They use annually 18,000 bales of hops, and make over 1,000,000 barrels of ale. Their place cover twelve acres in the heart of London, for which they refuse $1,750,000 per acre.

General News Items.

The State debt of Louisiana now amounts to $60,000,000.

You can get a farm in Florida for eighteen cents an acre.

The survey for a railway in the valley of the Nile is completed. The line is about 600 miles in length.

Mr. John Phillips, who resides near Marion, Alabama, while examining some old papers in his possession, a short time since, came across a deed, granted to his father, a volunteer in the war of 1812, by the United States, entitling him to one hundred and sixty acres of land in Missouri, which is said to be worth half a million of dollars.

Items About Women.

Naomi, the daughter of Enoch, was five hundred and eighty years old when she married.

The Woman's Journal after announcing that a negro has been elected a bishop of the Methodist Church, vehemently asks, "Why not a woman?"

A cyrine suggests that marrying a deceased wife's sister, implies either that the husband has treated his first wife very kindly or cruelly. If kindly the sister wishes to experience the same treatment; if cruelly, to avenge it.

Varieties.

George Washington's wedding ring was gold with a topaz.

Dr. Ayer, the pill man, owns about three-fourths of the New York Tribune.

A rural editor, speaking of a large contemporary, remarked if all flesh was grass he must be a load of hay. "I expect I am," said the fat man, "from the way the asses are nibbling at me."

The Little People.

A mature specimen, eight years old, was hunting about the police station in Baltimore for a stray father the other night: "You see," he remarked, with filial exultation, "the guv'ners a little wild yet, but he'll grow out of it."

A little boy was sent to a store for some eggs, before reaching home he dropped them. In answer to his mother, who asked, "Did you break any?" He replied, "No, I didn't break any, but the shells came off of some of them."

Gleanings.

There are said to be 12,000 children in Connecicut who never go to school.

From Overlook Mountain, Ulster county, New York, 50,000 farms can be seen.

Three thousand men are employed on the great Mississippi bridge at St. Louis.

The Western Union Telegraph Company will use 15,000 miles of wire this year.

The late "Table of Occupations" states the number of printers as 39,860, and of journalists 5,286.

The Russian telegraph lines are supported across the steppes on brick pillars, no wood being available.

Scandal for the Ladies.

Widow picnics are an Ohio wrinkle.

A recent toast, "Woman, the fairest work in all creation. The edition is large, and no man should be without a copy."

A Saratoga belle has hair that reaches nearly to the ground. This flower of fashion might therefore be called a hare-bell.

A youthful Danbury lover, who sang and played before his young lady's house for two mortal hours, was electrified after a short pause by a cordial "thank you" gracefully pronounced by the "other feller," who appeared at the window.

The way it is done in Grand Haven. "The other night a young man propounded the novel question to the idol of his heart. She laid her soft, white hand in his, put her head upon his manly shoulder, hove a sweet sigh of resignation, and in dulcet accents that sounded like sweet music upon the water, whispered, 'Yes, dear; anything to beat Grant.'"

De Mortuis.

In Morgan county, on the 25th instant, Miss Clemons.

Mrs. S. R. Andrews, of Columbus, died one day last week.

In Albany, July 21st of paralysis, Colonel Nicholas Cruger.

Mr. C. M. Keeling, of Rockmart, died a day or two since.

Mrs. Lititia Oliver, of Washington county, died a few days ago.

Professor Charles H. La Hutt, an old teacher of Columbus, died a few days ago.

Mrs. Blackman Dixon, of Harris county, died a few days since.

Mrs. G. W. Vinson, of Houston county, died a few days since.

Mrs. W. H. Calhoun, of Harris county died suddenly of meningitis on the 15th inst.

Hymenial.

In Trion, Mr. Lewis Lively to Miss Nannie Burton.

In Trion, Mr. E. J. McCaul to Miss Fannie Campbell.

Mr. J. F. Carey was married at St. Paul's Church, Columbus, July 25th, to Miss Bettie Riddick.

Mr. J. C. Todd, formerly of Florida, and Miss Julia Norton, of Savannah, were married July 24th instant.

The Liberal Platform.

The following are the resolutions in full adopted by the Liberal Republican National Convention at Cincinnati in May, and endorsed by the Democratic Convention in July:

We, the Liberal Republicans of the United States, in National Convention assembled at Cincinnati, proclaim the following principles as essential to a just government.

First—We recognize the equality of all men before the law, and hold that it is the duty of the government, in its dealings with the people, to mete out equal and exact justice to all; of whatever nativity, race color, persuasion, religious or political.

Second—We pledge ourselves to maintain the union of these States, emancipation and enfranchisement, and to oppose any reopening of the questions settled by the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments of the Constitution.

Third—We demand the immediate and absolute removal of all disabilities imposed on account of the rebellion, which was finally subdued seven years ago, believing that universal amnesty will result in the complete pacification of all sections of the country.

Fourth—Local self-government, with impartial suffrage, will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power. The public welfare requires the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and the freedom of person under the protection of the habeas corpus. We demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the States self-government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and the constitutional limitations of power.

Fifth—The civil service of the government has become a mere instrument of partisan tyranny and personal ambition, and an object of selfish greed. It is a scandal and reproach upon our free institutions, and breeds a demoralization dangerous to the perpetuity of republican government. We, therefore, regard a thorough reform of the civil service as one of the most pressing necessities of the hour; that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only valid claims to public employment; that the offices of the government cease to be a matter of arbitrary favoritism and patronage, and that public stations become again posts of honor. To this end it is imperatively required that no President shall be a candidate for re-election.

Sixth—We demand a system of Federal taxation which shall not necessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and which shall provide means necessary to pay the expenses of the government, economically administered, pensions, the interest on the public debt, and a moderate reduction, annually, of the principal thereof, and recognizing that there are in our midst honest but irreconcilable differences of opinion with regard to the respective systems of protection and free trade, we remit discussion of the subject to the people in their Congressional districts, and to the decision of Congress thereon, wholly free of Executive influence or dictation.

Seventh—The public credit, must be sacredly maintained, and we denounce repudiation in every form and guise.

Eighth—A speedy return to specie payments is demanded alike by the highest considerations of commercial morality and honest government.

Ninth—We remember with gratitude the heroism and sacrifice of the soldiers and sailors of the republic, and no act of ours shall ever detract from their justly earned fame or the full reward of their patriotism.

Tenth—We are opposed to all further grants of lands to railroads or other corporations. The public domain should be held sacred to actual settlers.

Eleventh—We hold that it is the duty of the government, in its intercourse with foreign nations, to cultivate the friendship of peace by treating with all on fair and equal terms, regarding it alike dishonorable either to demand what is not right or to submit to what is wrong.

Twelfth—For the promotion and success of these vital principles, and the support of the candidates nominated by this convention, we invite and cordially welcome the cooperation of all patriotic citizens, without regard to previous political affiliation.

Leading Notices.

LIKE "QUAKER'S GUNS."—Artificial teeth are of little use and easily detected. Take care of the real ones. All you need is fragrant Sozodont; use it daily and your teeth will be the last of nature's gift's to fail you.
july23-deod1w&w1t.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or dingy greenish odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.
oct2—d1y

TIME and enlightened experience have shown that certain substances formerly used and relied on in medical practice, are unnecessary and dangerous; yet some of these substances have found their way into medical compounds. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters, however, contain nothing injurious, being composed exclusively of vegetable substances from California. For all disorders of the liver, kidneys, bladder, skin, and digestive organs, and for purifying the blood, they are the most wonderful remedy known.
July16-d4w

CLAP-TRAP AND CANT.—Invalid reader, if you are unwise enough to put yourself outside of any of the mock tonics guaranteed to contain "no diffusive stimulant," you will inevitably come to grief. Ask your physician if any liquor preparation, destitute of stimulating properties is worthy of the name of a tonic. He will tell you no. Shun all such nauseous catchpennies. Plantation Bitters, the most wholesome invigorant in the world, owes the rapidity with which it relieves the disordered stomach and the shattered nerves to the diffusive agent which conveys its medicinal ingredients to the seat of the complaint. That agent is the spirit of the sugar cane, the most nutritious and agreeable of all the varieties of alcohol. The medicinal ingredients of the Bitters, valuable as they are, would be comparatively useless without this distributive basis. They would ferment and sour. Beware, as you hope for health of the horrible compounds of refuse drugs in a state of fermentation which humbugs are endeavoring to foist upon the public as medicines.
july23-deod1w&w1t.

IF you desire rosy cheeks and a complexion fair and free from Pimples, Blotches and Eruptions, purify your blood by taking Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.
july23-deod1w&w1t.

THE WEAR AND TEAR OF LIFE.—The cares, anxieties and misfortunes of life have as much to do with shortening it as disease. They are in fact the source of many ailments and physical disabilities. Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, affections of the liver, disturbances of the bowels, headaches, hypychondria and monomania are among these distressing fruits. It is, therefore, of great importance that persons whose minds are oppressed with heavy business responsibilities, or harassed by family troubles, or excited by speculation, or perplexed by a multiplicity of enterprises, or in any way over-taxed or overworked, should keep up their stamina by the daily use of a wholesome tonic. Thousands of persons thus circumstanced are enabled to bear up against the difficulties in which they are involved, and to retain their strength, health and mental clearness, by the regular use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases which are prone to attack the body when debilitated and broken down by over-much brain-work, or exhausting physical labor, are kept at bay by the resistant power with which this incomparable tonic endows the nervous system and the vital organs. At this season, when the heat is evaporating the elements of strength from every pore, an invigorant is absolutely essential to the safety and comfort of the public, and is required even by the more robust if they desire to keep their athletic capabilities in status quo. Hence a course of Hostetter's Bitters is particularly useful at this period of the year as a defense against the invisible disease afloat in a sultry atmosphere. It is the most potent of all preventive medicines, and for all complaints which affect the stomach, the liver and the bowels, and interfere with the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, it is the standard remedy.
july23-deod1w&w1t.

CHANCE OF NAME.

THE ROME HOTEL, J. A. Stansbury, Proprietor, located near the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landing and convenient to the business portion of town, on the corner of Broad and South Street, formerly known as the Tennessee House, was closed last October for the purpose of being refitted. The work has been completed and the House is now ready for the reception of guests, to afford every comfort that is to be found in the Best Houses of the country.
feb28—Jan29-d1f J. A. STANSBURY.

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.00 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.30 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.45 " A. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.10 " A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 45 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00 A M
Leaves Macon	8 50 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3:15 P M
Arrives at Macon	7:30 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4:00 P M
Leaves Macon	10:00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6:00 P M
Arrives at Macon	2:35 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10.00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5:45 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3:50 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	6:45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	12:30 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8:50 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:10 P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	5:00 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	10:50 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at 3:45 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at 8:30 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah 8:35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7:15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	8:30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	9:00 A. M
Arrive at Rome	10:00 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8:30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10:00 P. M.
Leave Kingston	1:50 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	3:05 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, JULY 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M.	10:00	P M
Arrive Chattanooga	3:50 P M.	5:08	A M
Arrive Nashville	12:50 A M.	7:45	P M
Arrive McKenzie	8.30 A P	8:30	P M
Arrive Memphis	2:10 P M.	2:25	A M
Arrive Little Rock		6:30	P M
Arrive Hickman	12:30 P M.	12:01	A M
Arrive Union City	10:30 A M	10:30	P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon	12:00	m d t
Arrive St. Louis	10:15 P M	9:50	A M
Arrive Louisville	8:40 A M	9:55	P M

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	7 18 A. M
Arrives at West-Point	11 42 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	3 25 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	6 00 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 03 A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 27 P M

To the Merchants of Atlanta!

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA SAVANNAH,

BEG leave to announce to their friends and patrons that their rates and classification shall always be as low as by competing Lines, and any "Special Circulars" or "Letters" issued by other routes, giving lower rates than at present advertised, will be promptly met by corresponding reductions on the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

Merchants visiting New York will consult their interest by calling on C. D. OWENS, the General Agent of the Line, 229 Broadway, before making Freight engagements elsewhere.
july21—deodtf

RICHARDSON'S

CROWN SHERRY!

Imported direct from Cadiz, Spain, for sale by
REDWINE & FOX,
Corner Alabama and Whitehall Streets,
march30—deodly Atlanta, Ga.

For PURITY AND STRENGTH

JOHN S. DUNHAM'S

YEAST POWDER

SAINT LOUIS.

It is Unequalled.

june9—deod3m

Valuable Knitting Machinery

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 6th, 1872, we will sell, in front of our store, the KNITTING MACHINERY lately in operation at the Eagle and Phenix Mills, in this city, nearly all new and in complete order, and capable of turning out from 125 to 150 pairs of Hosiery per day.

Also, Five Thousand Dozen Plain and Ribbed Hose and Half-hose

TERMS—60 days with interest for approved paper.

A list of the Machinery will be furnished on application to ELLIS & SPENCER,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
july13-d3awdw Columbus, Georgia.

NEW HOLLAND SPRING,

ON AIR-LINE RAILROAD, (1¼ miles N. E. Gainesville.) Good Board and Lodging can be had at $ 9 00 per week, or $2 00 per day.

HENRY L. DAVIS & CO

P. S.—Excursion Train every Sunday—$1 00 round trip. july23—d1m

Fresh Turnip Seeds.

1,000 POUNDS Landreth's Fresh and Genuine Turnip Seeds daily expected, consisting of

Purple Top Yellow Ruta Baga

White Ruta Bags, large white Pomeranean Globe, Red Top Flat Dutch, Hanover (Long French, etc.) Seven Top or Johnny Heb, Amber Globe, Large Cow Horn Ruta Baga now ready and ought to be planted early.

20 cases PEACH Pavers now in store.
MARK W. JOHNSON,
Agricultural Warehouse, Broad street.
July3—d1f

Great Bargain.

SEVERAL valuable and handsome RESIDENCE LOTS for sale low. Apply to
DR. F. S. SALTER,
Office on West Hunter Street,
dec9-d1f Between Whitehall and Broad.

BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE MISSES LANE, No. 49 West 48th Street, New York city, will re-open their BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, on Monday, September 23d. For circular or reference apply by mail, or to J. F. BOZEMAN, M. D., of this city.
july23—d3m

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE NORTHEASTERN R. R. Co.,
ATHENS, Ga., July 8, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until August 10, 1872, for the grading and masonry on this road between Athens and its intersection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad, a distance of thirty-eight and a half (38½) miles—either for the whole or any portion of the work—the company reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the office of the company.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. CALDER TURNER,
july10-d3m Chief Engineer N. E. R. R.

CHANCE OF NAME.

THE ROME HOTEL, J. A. Stansbury, Proprietor, located near the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landing and convenient to the business portion of town, on the corner of Broad and South Street, formerly known as the Tennessee House, was closed last October for the purpose of being refitted. The work has been completed and the House is now ready for the reception of guests, to afford every comfort that is to be found in the Best Houses of the country.
feb28—Jan29-d1f J. A. STANSBURY.

Hotels.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The cars and trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call.
june6—d1f

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

BY MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn ..... Georgia.

$2 Board per Day $1.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains breakfast daily. may18 d1f

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange ..... Georgia.

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplies with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb28—d1f

CHOICE HOTEL

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-d1f W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON ..... GEORGIA

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-d1f

ECKLES HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month.....30 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9-dtf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN, ... ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-d1f

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE, J. B. WIMBERLY.
dec3-d1f

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor
may18-d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

KINGSTON ..... GEORGIA.
june12-d1f

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON ..... GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep1-d1f

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.
The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.
Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.
I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june9-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert ..... Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.
march5—dtf

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by
feb28—dtf A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel,)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

$2 Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents, sep20-dtf

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston, ... Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be spared to make it a first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.
sep10-dtf H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

WILEY JONES ..... Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from A. M. to P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. apr20—dtf

1872. SIMS HOUSE, 1872.

BY MRS. F. B. HALL,

LaGrange ..... Georgia.

Tables supplied with the best the market affords.
apr19—dtf 1st-ang

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. FISHE & MORGAN,
apr13—d1f Proprietors.

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL,)

Forsyth, Georgia,

WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor

Board per Day, $2 50; Day Board, $18 00; Board and Lodging $25 00. may26 d7m.

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.

apr11—dtf

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and the hundred yards of several fine Mineral springs, two or three, is now open, or their accommodation, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr13-d1f

Hammett House.

JONESBORO ..... GEORGIA.

THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is pleasantly situated in the central part of the town. The house has been remodelled and refitted, and the table will always be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will spare no pains or expense to please his patrons. Mrs. Hammett, (formerly Mrs. Watkins, of Palmetto,) is connected with the house, and would be pleased to see her old friends.
may26— jan15—d1f

For Purity, Strength and Wholesomeness

the Royal Baking Powder stands unrivaled. Actual tests show it to be 50 per cent. stronger than the Cream Tartar Powders. Food raised with it is more delicious and wholesome than when raised with any other powder. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall street, New York.
feb28—deod1y

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, properly made out, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to
WILLIAM H. HALL,
Executor of Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, deceased.
july23-d30d